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WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Feb'y. 13, 1893.

Is the victorious democratic party on the eve of disruption? Democrats of national prominence in Congress privately express the belief that it is, and predict that long before the end of the administration to begin next month the separation between the wings will be open and final. The principal cause of this belief is the wide gulf that exists between Mr. Cleveland and the southern and western democrats on the Silver question, a gulf which the failure of Mr. C. to force the repeal by Congress of the present Silver law has widened and made apparently impassable. Notice has been publicly served on Mr. Cleveland by Representative Bland, the leader of the Silver democrats in the House, that further attempts along this line would bring about a withdrawal of the Silver men from the party. The forcefulness of Mr. Cleveland's character is so well known here that the general opinion is that he will continue his fight against silver by calling an early extra session of the Fifty-third Congress, unless convinced that a bill for the repeal of the Silver law woutd be voted down in either the House or Senate. In that case he would postpone calling an extra session until he had "converted" a sufficient number to carry his point,

The selection of Judge Walter Q. Gresham, as the head of the Cabinet, which is accepted here as an accomplished fact, will also be a factor in bringing about a split in the democratic party. As a rule the democrats in Congress decline to publicly discuss this selection, but privately they are showing their anger and disappointment. The feeling among them may be judged by the fact that Senator Gorman, who is ordinarily the most indifferent of men to newspaper stories printed by him, took special pains to go around among the Washington correspondents and contradicted the published rumor that Gresham had been selected on his advice. With the natural shrewdness of the tactful political wire puller Gorman lost no time in disavowing his responsibility for Gresham; he had seen and noted the effect of the announcement of his selection upon his party associates in Congress.

Senator Hill has been quietly sounding the democratic Senators to ascertain how many of them are willing to carry their opposition to Gresham to the extent of voting against his confirmation as a member of the Cabinet. If he can secure the pledges of a sufficient number of Senators to defeat the confirmation he proposes to do it, although it would be something never before attempted, as it has been considered one of the unwritten laws of the Senate to confirm Cabinet nominations without question.

Pressure is being brought to bear to have Seargent-at Arms Yoder of the House made Commissioner of Pensions, if the scheme of transferring that bureau to the War Department and suspending the pensions of all widows married since 1870, of all men having an income in excess of $600 a year, and, except for total incapacity, of all alien non-residents, fails, as it will. The commissionership is merely to be used as a stepping stone to the democratic nomination for the Governor of Ohio. The claim is made by Yoder's friends that his connection with the U. V. U. will enable him to get the votes of a sufficient number of old soldiers, heretofore republicans, to anchor Ohio permanently in the Democratic column.

The House committee of Ways and Means is on a wild goose chase after a silly newspaper rumor alleging that Secretary Foster had agreed to sell $50,000,000 worth of bonds to a syndicate of New York bankers for gold. There is not a word of truth in the rumor, Sec. Foster has made no agreement to sell bonds and has no intention of making such an agreement, and he has no idea that the financial situation will be such during this administration as to cause him even to take such a step into serious consideration. Besides, it is well known to those who enjoy the President's confidence that he would not permit an issue of bonds.

The democrats in the House attempted to railroad the proposed radical changes in the Pension laws through the House without debate, but they were hauled up short by the republicans, who told them they would filibuster until the end of the session if the fullest debate were not allowed. The debate will go on this week.

The President has fully made up his mind and will, it is thought this week, send a message to Congress favoring Hawaiian annexation. A majority of Congress favors annexation, but some of the democrats would prefer to postpone it until the next administration, and it is possible they may attempt to do so.

It is really amusing to hear the democrats with their big majority in the House plead the baby act and try to charge the republicans with the responsibilty for defeating Mr. Cleveland's wishes.

BIRD'S-EYE VIEW OF UGANDA.

The little kingdom of Uganda is at present in the focus of the public eye. Whether or not England will extend a protectorate over it is one of the serious questions which Mr. Gladstone's government will have to decide, and on this decision rests the welfare of many thousands of natives and large and rapidly increasing commercial interests. The following gives an idea of the country.

Uganda is part of the imperial British East African Company's possessions, which were ceded to them in 1888 by the Sultan on a fifty years' lease at an annual rental of $80,000. British East Africa extends along the Zanzibar coast 400 miles southward from the mouth of the Juba river, almost to Zanzibar. It is a narrow wedge reaching from the coast inland in a northwesterly direction to Nubia and the sources of the Nile. It is bounded on the southern part by German East Africa and the Congo free State, and on the north by Abyssinia and Somal. It lies from 10 degrees north to 5 degrees south latitude and from 35 degrees to 40 degrees east longitude, containing in all almost one million square miles.

The customs in 1888 amounted to $36,000, in 1889 to $56,000, in 1890 to $70,000, and in the last two years has been rapidly increasing. Treaties have been made with the tribes betweeen the coast and the Nyanza lakes, the sources of the Nile, by which free access is given to the rich country of Uganda, lying just to the west of Victoria Nyanza. Three hundred miles of this inland journey can be made on the River Tana, which flows in a southeasterly direction almost through the centre of the territory. The trade, at present principally in the hands of Banian or East Indian merchants consists of exports of cloves, sesame seed, ivory, india rubber, gum, copra, coir, orchella weed, hides, etc., and the imports of Manchester goods, iron and copper wire, beads and articles of barter.

The country is being peacefully opened by exploring caravans bearing trade goods. The company in control has a large force officered by Englishmen, but the natives are peacefnl and inclined to be industrious, and slavery is being gradually abolished. A coast railway, telegraphs, a submarine cable to Zanzibar and substantial dock and harbor improvements are among the latest English introductions. The chief ports are Wanga, Mombasa, Malindi, Mambrui, Lamu and Kismayu.

The jealousy of the other governments which surround these possessions and the vagueness of these unsurveyed and undefined boundaries have already aroused some friction in European diplomatic circles, and there will probably be much more before the boundary question is definitely settled. This rich little principality may yet play no insignificant part in English politics.

HARRISON ACCEPTS HAWAII.

The Hawaiian Commissioners were informed last Saturday, that the Administration has decided to accept the proffered annexation of their country. It now remains for Congress to act and the most precious gems in the Pacific's crown will become ours. President Harrison has followed a patriotic couse which will meet the approval of the great majority of the people.

Our Minister at Honolulu was as prompt as he is patriotic. There is reason to believe that Great Britain's seeming acquiescence in the proposal to annex Hawaii to the United States is a ruse, and that if our country had made a sign indicating a disposition not to accept the country's offer, the British Government would have quickly placed it under the British flag.

The question of compensating the Queen for the material loss of rank and privileges and the Princess, who was in line of succession, for damage to her prospects will be considered. The ex-Queen's income has been about $100,000 a year, but if any provision is made for her it will be on a much more modest basis.

The London *Saturday Review* proposes that England barter its consent to our annexation of Hawaii "for the thorough setttlement of the endless fisheries question." This is more "compensation." The "swooping" proclivities of European countries should be an incentive to the speedy consummation of our negotiations with Hawaii. With Congress in a patriotic mood the matter can easily be settled before the close of the present Administration.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Pond, from State College, were in Bellefonte last Saturday. Prof. Pond has charge of the engineering department of the College and is therefore very busy getting ready for the dedication of the Mechanical Art building, which ceremony will take place on the 22nd inst.

AN OLD WASHINGTON STATUE.

It Was Purchased by Contributions from New York School Children.

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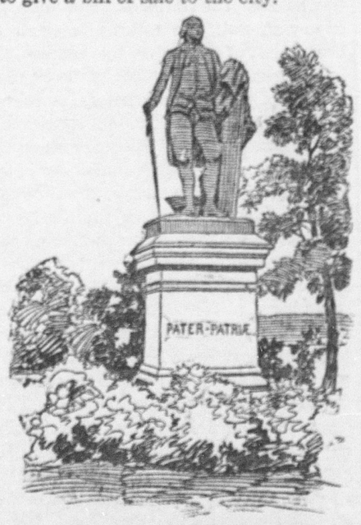
There is now on one of the most picturesque spots on Manhattan island a statue of George Washington which has an interesting history. The statue stands in Riverside crescent, and is to the lower end of Riverside drive what the Grant mausoleum is on a grander scale to the upper. The figure stands with its back to the Hudson, about eighty feet above the tide. General Egbert L. Viele, who saved the statue from oblivion, told me about it as follows:

"This piece of statuary is a life size representation of Washington. The first thing you notice about it is its apparent smallness. It shows the pater patriæ to have been a much smaller man than everybody supposes. That is because all his statues are either heroic or colossal. In exalting his character the people have magnified his person. It is so the world over with military and political heroes. In person Washington was not a man of gigantic proportions by any means. This is a truthful counterfeit, if I may use the paradox. It is one of five which show him as he was. All others make him out a man of heroic build. Suppose you look up his biographies and see if you can find in a single one of them a specific description of his person, with reference especially to his weight and stature.

"The original of this effigy is in the capitol at Richmond. It is by Houdon, the celebrated French sculptor. Houdon was given the commission through Thomas Jefferson.

"He stripped his subject to the buff and made a plaster cast. It is the only perfect model ever made of Washington. The result was the statue at Richmond.

"Some time before the rebellion the general assembly of Virginia authorized a German sculptor—Guntherman by name—to make a duplicate of the Houdon statue, and from this four casts were made. One of these is the statue in Riverside drive. Just after the war the sculptor's widow brought it to New York and placed it on exhibition in one of the public halls. She wanted to sell it to the city for one of the parks. Her price was $10,000. It was very cheap for such a piece of art, but the offer was declined by the city authorities, and it was finally decided that a subscription should be opened among the children of the public schools to make up the purchase money in sums of a dime or less. After considerable exertion $5,000 was raised, and there the matter stood until the widow agreed to accept that sum and to give a bill of sale to the city.



THE WASHINGTON STATUE.

"The authorities now accepted the statue, and ordered it to be placed in a storage room in the park with a lot of rubbish, and there it remained something like twenty years. When I became president of the park department this statue came under my notice as I was inspecting the city's property of which I was to have charge. It was covered with dust and was hardly recognizable. Its history had been forgotten. No one knew what it was or how it came there. The Tweed regime was past, and new people were in. Finally I found an old clerk who knew, and he told me of it.

"We were then laying out Riverside park and decided that the statue should be placed in the little crescent where it now stands. A number of residents along the new park joined me in a subscription, and we brought a block of granite from New Hampshire and had a pedestal made. When the pedestal was ready the statue was dedicated. It was on a Fourth of July. Children to the number of 500, detailed in military form from the various public schools, carried out unaided on that day the programme that had been begun before any of them were born. The school commissioners and 5,000 other citizens, with Cappa's Seventh regiment band, assembled at the crescent, and the children united in anthem and song and oration to complete in their own way the programme of inauguration. The little girls were dressed in white, and the boys were all bright and decently clad. Every girl and boy carried a little flag of the country, and they all marched in procession two and two, singing and scattering flowers about the statue as they passed. The scene was the most interesting and touching of any I ever beheld. And thus the statue was dedicated."

Soil is now being hauled from Fort Washington, more than three miles up the river, to complete a bastion front for the statue, and congress will be asked to donate two or more Revolutionary cannon to place at the angles. This fort was the first geographical point to be named for Washington, and there is not a square foot of its soil but was consecrated by the blood of Cadwallader's noble Marylanders and Pennsylvanians when they made their final and hopeless stand, a Spartan band of 3,000, against the king's army, seven times as strong. General Viele originated the idea of making the bastion front with this soil. It will be when completed an exact duplicate of one of Alexander Hamilton's bastions at the old fort.

EDSON BRACE.

THE WASHINGTON FAMILY.

In the presidential campaign of 1876 it was often remarked as a curious coincidence that of the men elected president every third one was childless. The list ran: Washington, Madison, Jackson Polk, Buchanan and—but there seems to have been a break in the line, so that the omen failed on Tilden. It is also worthy of remark that these childless men had singularly happy home lives, and none more so than George Washington.

Martha Dandridge was a beauty and a Virginia belle when at seventeen she married Daniel Parke Custis. Of their four children two preceded their father to the tomb, and when the Widow Custis married George Washington in 1759 she had but a son and a daughter. History gives us a few exquisite glimpses of the home life of Washington for the next few years. He and his wife were very nearly of the same age; both born in 1732; both were wealthy, refined and of the highest standing among their Virginia contemporaries. Washington loved the two children as his own. There was nothing to mar their domestic life.

But in 1773 Martha Parke Custis died, and Washington was long affected with a strange restlessness. Indeed his domestic life never again seemed so calm till after the Revolution. Martha was sometimes called the "dark lady" or "dark beauty" because of her brunette complexion, but she was both beautiful and amiable. The son, John Parke Custis, at the age of nineteen married one of the famous Calvert family at Baltimore, but he, too, died young—died of camp fever at Yorktown soon after the surrender, leaving four children. Of these General and Mrs. Washington adopted two, and these constituted the Washington family seen in the familiar pictures.

Eleanor Parke Custis, the daughter, was so young at her father's death that she knew no home but Mount Vernon. In 1799 she became the wife of Major Lewis, Washington's sister's son. The son was the well known George Washington Parke Custis, an author of some note, who acquired the famous Arlington estate, where he died in 1857. His only child, a daughter, married Robert E. Lee, who thus became the owner of Arlington.

J. H. B.

A Reasonable View.

Teacher—Willie, when I called at your house yesterday and saw the "Life of Washington" I gave you Christmas I was much grieved to notice that the leaves had not been cut.

Willie (meekly)—No'm, If I'd cut those leaves I wouldn't have half the chance to swop it off.

Washington's Politeness.

George Washington was polite almost to the point of punctiliousness. The story is often told of him that, having bowed to a colored man who had saluted him, a friend expressed surprise. Washington's quick retort was, "What, do you wish to have me outdone in politeness by a slave?"

—A slight accident happened to E. C. Humes, Esq., of Bellefonte, while out sleighing with a lady last week. At the depot the horse became frightened at the train and turned short round overturned the sleigh throwing the occupants out. The horse was caught near Maitland's boiler works. No damage was done to the horse or sleigh or were the riders hurt.

—Last Friday evening the regular monthly sociable of the Reformed church of Bellefonte was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Abram Luckenbach, on Willow Bank street. Ice cream and candies and other refreshments were sold at reasonable prices, the proceeds for the benefit of the church. These entertainments are very enjoyable and well partronized.

TAKE NOTICE LADIES.

Who belong to the World's Fair Committee in Centre County.

The following article was received for publication by Mrs. W. F. Reeder, of Bellefonte, who is a member of the Ladie's World's Fair Committee from Centre county:

Mrs. S. Barry Colahan, Chairman of the Music Committee for Philadelphia county, has just given out for publication the following brief rules of the Board of Lady Managers about music in tho Woman's Building during the Exposition.

A committee, called an Advisory Committee on Music, shall be appointed in each State and Territory, which shall consit of the resident musicians in different sections of the State, so that candidates for vocal and instrumental examinations may not be obliged to traverse great distances.

It will be the duty of the Advisory Committee on Music to decide whether applicants are artists, amateurs or professionals, and whether their performances are sufficiently good to receive a letter of recommendation to either of the expert juries (vocal and instrumental) which will hereafter be appointed in Chicago by the Bureau of Music.

The artists who are considered worthy of distinction by the expert juries appointed in Chicago will receive the honor of an invitation to perform in the small Concert Hall, or in the Woman's Building, during the World's Columbian Exposition.

No money has been appropriated by the World's Columbian Exposition, or by the Government of the United States, to defray the expenses of appliants who may wish to appear in Chicago.

The expert juries (vocal and instrumental) to be appointed in Chicago will not hear applicants until the opening of the World's Columbian Exposition on and after May 1, 1893, and will not hear no one without a letter of recommendation from the State Advisory committee on Music.

THE GAME LAWS.

The *Times* and *Inquirer*, of Philadelphia, noticed the letter published in this paper two weeks ago, "An Open Letter to Hon P. Gray Meek," by A. A. Dale, Esq., as follows: A. A. Dale, prints in the Bellefonte *Republican* an open letter to State Senator P. Gray Meek, in regard to the game laws, which at nearly every session of the Legislature are subjected to revision. The writer declares that under the existing law there is little encouragement for any one to spend time or money for the protection of game or fish. That this is true everyone with the slighest familiarity with the subject is well aware. It is the height of folly to spend money it stocking the streams with fish and then permit poaching to be done, as it is done with impunity. The game laws do not need to be relaxed. They need to be made more strict and to be executed."

Mr. Dale's letter to the Hon. Senator was a very clear statement of the question of our game laws, of interest to all sportsmen. There are many men here who have spent much money and time to stock our mountains with game and our streams with fish; thousands of small fish have been put in Spring creek and many times birds have been brought from a long distance and turned free to add to the game in our mountain forests.

There are a half a dozen parties who make a business of catching this game and fish to sell. They lay along our streams weeks at a time catching fish not to eat but send away. Trout have been taken by these men and sold in the city markets as high as seventy five cents per pound. No one objects to anyone catching fish for their own tables, but is it right that one set of men should spend money and time to stock our streams with fish for two or three men who never spend a cent for this purpose to catch out and sell. All hunters may not agree with Mr. Dale on all the points he makes, but we think all will agree that such poaching as we speak of above is not right to the public spirited men who try to stock our streams or to the man poor or rich who wishes to catch a mess of fish for his own use.

—On Wednesday evening, February 22, the class of '95' State College will give a grand mid winter reception in the Armory on the occasion of the dedication of the New Mechanical Art building. There will be dancing from eight to one o'clock; music by Stopper and Fisk orchestra. The patronesses are: Mrs. Robert E. Pattison, Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. John W. Noble, Mrs. James Beaver, Mrs. Wm. A. Buckhout, Mrs. A. O. Furst, Mrs. John A. Woodward, Mrs. William Thompson, Jr., Mrs. George W. Atherton, Mrs. D. H. Hastings, Mrs. John Harris, Mrs. Louis E. Reber, Mrs. Henry P. Armsby, Mrs. Luther Keller, Mrs. Charles W. Roberts and Mrs. H. A. McElwain. The reception committee consists of Mrs. Weaver, Mrs. Reber, Mrs. McElwain, Mrs. Hastings, Mrs. William Thompson, Jr., and Mrs. Orvis.

TAX COLLECTOR.

We regard the re-election of S. D. Ray, Esq., as tax collector of Bellefonte as a faregone conclusion. No collector that the town ever had has collected taxes more promptly or been more mindful of the interest of the tax payers. The exonerations he has asked have been smaller than ever before and would be almost nothing were it not for mistakes made in making up the duplicate. In years that have past Bellefonte has suffered much through the carelessness and want of ability in its tax collectors. We could cite instances where the town has lost thousands of dollars in a single year by incapable tax collectors. The town has never lost a dollar by Mr. Ray and never will; he is watchful of the interest of the Borough at the same time as lenient as he can safely be to those who are in distress. We have seen the time whan borough orders were not worth over fifty cents on a dollar; they are now as good as gold and all through tax collectors like Ray who attend to the interest of the people diligently. There is no doubt of his triumphant re-election. We expect to record the fact after the election that the people have elected the best men for borough officers and among them S D. Ray for tax collector.

BOROUGH TREASURER.

Mr. Charles F. Cook has made one of the most faithful treasurers the Borough of Bellefonte ever had. He is a candidate for re-election and we can not think there is a possible chance that the voters will be so unmindful of their best interest as to fai to elect him again by a large majority. He is a man thoroughly acquainted with the finances of the town; he is fearless in well doing, knowing no favorites when the public interest is to be served. The borough bonds now bearing seven per-cent interest are soon to be refunded and it goes without saying "that no man can perform this service for the interest of the town so well as Mr. Cook. Several years ago when a block of bonds were to be refunded he placed then at three per cent. an achievement never accomplished by any treasurer Bellefonte ever had before. He is in a position to negotiate bonds now to better advantage than any other man and wil' do so. These facts are well known to most of the voters of the town and will secure for Mr. Cook a large vote without regard to party lines. With these duties just ahead of the borough treasurer it will not do at all "to swap horses in the middle of the stream."

SARTOR, SARTORIS.

Algernon Sartoris seems to have been in morals what his name signifies in Latin—a botcher, a mender of old garments.

His desertion of his own wife (nee Nellie Grant) and children, and his self-abandonment to adultery, gambling and drinking, have finally culminated in an early death, which, even in this world, is a judicial retribution for misdeeds.

He had loving and Wealthy parents, who were willing and able to give him every blessing which this world affords; and his career illustrates how utterly futile is every earthly good, in forming the individual character.

America, on account of her love of the Grant family, would be delighted to chronicle the history of Mr. Sartoris as that of a splendid fellow who made the best use of all his gifts and privileges who was an affectionate husband, a model parent, a useful citizen and an honor to two countries—to England by birth, and to America by marriage.

America will be glad now to have Mrs. Sartoris return to her native land; for here she will be received with the same respectful affection which has always been accorded to her, and she and her children can enjoy the blessings of the government preserved by the sword of her father, the great Ulysses.

—James Quinn, who was sent to Danville asylum from Snow Shoe township, this county, died in that institution last week. Word was sent to Snow Shoe about the matter and arrangements were made to bury the body there.

PROBABLY President Harrison and his advisers have not been so much surprised by recent Hawaiian events as the public. Foresight has been one of the characteristics of the present administration.

—Philip Ward, a man seventy five years old, who lives on Penn street, Bellefonte fell on the ice a few days ago and broke his arm at the wrist.

Don't forget that M. P. Tuten, at the Eureka Grocery, High St., Bellefonte, is constantly getting in new goods. Call and see.

POETRY.

THE DOUBLE DECORATION.

A TRUE INCIDENT.

EMILY GILMORE ALDEN.

It was a dappled August day,
A funeral train usurped the way,
The funeral train of one so young
Her "spring song" had been scarcely sung
So slow the stately horses stepped
As if they knew that mourners wept:
So soft the sunbeams kissed the blooms
That banked away all burial glooms!
While down the wide and sunny street
No sound save tramp of iron feet.
Then lo! upon the way-side curb,
In glory of that day superb,
With bared bowed head an old man stood
In reverential attitude;
A mourner quite outside the line
A mourner with some strange design.
He waited till procession passed
Then joined it humbly at the last,
And as he came so close beside,
I asked him if he would not ride—
"I'd *walk* a hundred miles," he said
"To honor that rare maiden dead!"
But yet he gave a sad consent,
And as toward the grave we went,
He told the reason of his mood,
And why he on the wayside stood.
"I am a soldier;" soft he spake,
"Tho' to myself no triumph take;
I marched with Western Volunteers
Amid the din of drums and cheers!
And whether meaning less or more,
I after marched with Hancock's corps.
I knew the whiz of shot and shell,
But—dear old flag—I loved it well
And so for four convulsive years
I marched to drip of blood and tears!
The war was ended—home I came
A 'private'—all unknown to fame,
When, on our Decoration Day,
A gracious maiden passed my way,
And pinned a flower upon my coat.
Not since my childhood days remote
Had woman touched my homespun dress
With her fine touch of gentleness.
I could not wed the girl I wooed,
Nor she the man she understood;
And so my life has passed alone,
Save for this voice of silver tone.
'We honor soldiers!' this she said;
I honor her now she is dead
I say—I'd walk a hundred mile.
I'll ne'er forget that blessed deed,
Nor need I any broader creed;
'Twas like the story soft and sweet,
Of washing the disciples feet!
'Tis now her Decoration Day,
Think you I could remain away?
I drop a flower upon her heart,
As from mine eyes the teardrop start!"
And then he paused; his speech was chary;
"I represent the military,
He whispered softly to himself.

He might be Ghibelline or Guelph,
Or black, or white, or bond, or free,
Or serf, or starred nobility,
He spake with concentrated power,
And was a King for that one hour;
And she a Queen in her still state,
Born onward thro' the Golden Gate!

Brave soul! we thought—and know you not?
That grace of valor is begot?
You represent more than you say
Upon this mellow burial day,
For by your reverential mood,
You chrism the grace of gratitude!

The maid was borne to her sweet rest;
The veteran smote upon his breast,
Nor was there any weeper there
More mourner for the damsel fair.

I tell you what I saw and heard.
And care, tho' but my soul was stirred;
Old man and maiden both divine,
By just that one celestial!

You say perhaps—"It was not much!"
Kingdoms of God are born of such
More than when charged battalions wheel
Or Hancock's braves clashed serried steel!

OUR STORY TELLER.

SIOUX GRATITUDE.

It was during an encampment of the Alabama state troops that the writer first met Major Raymond, of the ——— United States cavalry. He had accepted to meet some of the gentlemen of Mobile, who by request had selected the cool, spacious quarter deck of the white crusier, snugly protected with awnings, as a suitable spot wherein to smoke a cigar, sip a glass of brandy and to spin a yarn 'neath the cheering influences of "Auld Lang Syne."

Major Bob Crawford, of the Confederate veterans, had dodged the issue involved in a request for a reminiscence, but had promised on an exhibition of his occult powers, to the no small wonderment and edification of the assembled group of gentlemen. The last round of applause had died away, and found an answering echo in the clear, ringing notes of the ship's bugle, as the notes trilled forth with the tap of the bell, proclaiming 8 o'clock p. m., and Major Raymond, snipped the ashes from his "Concha," volunteered his portion of the entertainment by offering an incident connected with a brother officer:

It is somewhat singular withal how gentlemen reared in the lap of luxury and refinement and grounded in all the scientific attainments of West Point can submit so easily to hardship and irksome duties of which only those who have served on the wild frontier can have but the slightest conception.

Did you ever meet Lieutenant Colonel Nat Ross of ours? Well, he is a splendid fellow, every inch a soldier, and, at the same time the incident occurred which I am about to relate, was the senior captain of the regiment. He was in command of a company at Old Man's Gulch, where there was a miserable, squalid town, boasting of but one street, along which the hastily constructed huts and shanties of the inhabitants had been erected. An unusual crowd had congregated in front of a groggery, attracting the officer's attention, composed of gamblers, miners, desperadoes greasers, soldiers, and a sprinkling of camp followers common to such localities.

The captain, who was in frontiersman rig—slouched hat, flannel shirt and pants tucked in his boots—forced his way through the throng to ascertain what was the occasion of the crowd.

Two half drunken cattle tenders, armed with stout formidable bullthongs had edged into an angle of a building the tall, lithe but masculine figure of a young Sioux Indian. He was barely eighteen years of age apparently, and, from the eagle's feather twisted in his dark scalp look, was evidently the son of a chief.

His blanket was drawn tightly around him, his eyes, black as a raven's wing, blazed with excitement and suppressed passion as, silent, erect and motionless, he faced the two brutes who, with knives and the keen, cutting thongs of bull hide, had brought the Indian stripling to bay, much to the delight of the low, depraved denizens of the place, who were eternally on the lookout either for rum or a general row.

"What's the trouble here?" demanded the captain as he strode between the bullies and their chosen victim. "What are you doing with the Indian lad?"

"What's that to you?" muttered one of them, who failed to recognize the officer, so intent was he upon worrying the "durned redskin."

"It is this much to me," replied the soldier in clear, measured tones. "Let the lad alone He is but one against you all. And as for you, men, retire to your quarters at once. Do you hear?"

"Get out of the way yon raw-boned tenderfoot, or I'll give you a taste of this," and one of them flourished his bullhide in sweeping circles about the officer's head.

Now, Ross, at the academy and in the regiment, was accounted one of the best all around gymnasts and boxers belonging to the corps, and his training, with muscles developed like springs of steel, coupled with a stature of six feet in his socks, made him a foeman worthy of the best borderer that ever handled pick or rifle.

Like a flash of lightning the captain's arm shot out straight from the shoulder. One, two and biff, bang, a yell, and two awkward, clumsy forms suddenly rolled in the alkali dust. Seizing one of the bullthongs the irate soldier applied it vigorously to the writhing forms of the two ruffians, who howled and cursed alternately as the lash stung their flesh. The mob howled its approval. The captain cast the bull thong from him, and, motioning to the Indian to follow him, strode toward his quarters without once glancing over his shoulder.

During the entire scene the young Indian had not attempted to leave the spot. He had watched keenly every motion of his companion, and his swarthy cheek assumed a brighter and more vivid tinge.

Tendering the Sioux a silver dollar, the soldier added a few words of friendly advice, bidding him leave the town, which with its vices was no place for him. But with a rapid jesture the Indian swept the coin aside and seized the broad hand of the surprised captain, which he placed over his heart. The large lustrous eyes of the Indian spoke volumes as they gazed straight into the captain's, and with the guttural words, "We are brothers—I shall remember," turned and stalked rapidly away without further domonstration.

A year rolled by and the captain with his regiment was on duty in the Yellowstone valley, where the Sioux were reported as acting suspiciously, the young bucks especially showing a restless spirit, with all the indications of their early appearance on the war path.

The captain had always been fond of the pleasure of the chase, and it was while on a trip after game that he found himself hopelessly entangled and completely lost amid the towering crests and lofty hills of a spur forming a portion of the Belt range.

Deboucing upon the banks of a broad but shallow stream, he came suddenly upon an Indian encampment that was on the opposite side. From his point of observation the soldier could make out a number of braves walking about and an occasional squaw engaged in her duties about the camp. Hungry, tired and cold, for it was getting late in the season, Ross resolved to secure the friendly offices of a guide, if possible, and return to his command, from which he had already absented himself longer than prudence or regulations warranted.

Riding down to a point directly opposite the camp he hailed repeatedly, but no one within the limits of the array of tents took the slightest notice of him. Nettled, as well as impatient, at such cool indifference, the captain forded the stream and rode into the camp.

No one spoke to the soldier; not a buck condescended to pay the slightest attention to his inquiries relative to the location he was in or the chances of obtaining a guide. Grimly silent and sullen, they turned their backs or retreated within the smoky recesses of their tepees.

Ross had been on the frontier for many years, was well acquainted with the habits of the savages, understood a variety of the Indian dialects, and was looked upon as one of the most accomplished scouts and fighters in the service. It did not require a second glance to convince the officer that he was in grave danger. He realized that his presence in that camp was not welcome and he would have given much to have been safely back on the other side of the broad running stream. But pride and his reputation would scarcely permit his turning hastily from them or attempting any movement that could be construed by the redskins into a confession of alarm or a retreat.

Reining up his roan in the shadow of a large tent, he deliberated for a moment upon the best course to pursue. Ere he had formed any plan an Indian warrior, in full warpaint and regalia, suddenly issued from the folds of the tepee, confronting the officer with a stern, forbidding aspect.

"What seeks the paleface who has come here unbidden?"

"Shelter, food and guide to the White man's camp," was the response.

The Sioux motioned for him to dismount, and, throwing his bridle rein over a projecting bough of a tree, Ross passed into the interior of the council tent and was immediately made a prisoner, but not bound. Surrounded by numbers of well armed warriors, he realized that the slightest attempt on his part to effect an escape would result at once in the loss of his life.

Sitting amid the dusky throng he listened to the talk of the council. His fate was soon decided. He was to die the next morning at sunrise—tied to a stake and burned to death, the first offering dedicated to the opening campaign, and esteemed particularly propitious as an indication of their success on the war-path, inasmuch as the victim was one of the despised and hated "Long Knives."

One by one the warriors filed out of the council, leaving the captain solitary and alone. No attempt to bind him was made. It was impossible for him to escape from the limits of the camp. Throwing himself on a pile of buffalo skins gave himself up to reflection and thought. To die at the hands of such miscreants, to fill a nameless grave, his fate enshrouded in mystery—what an ending to his brilliant hopes and aspirations! What a finale to his military career!

The soft patter of a moccasin foot and a dark shadow falling athwart the rude seat upon which he reclined attracted the captain's attention. Glancing up, he beheld standing beside him a well proportioned warrior, arrayed in full warpaint, with his tawny locks bedecked with feathers. Silent and motionless as a statue, the Indian gazed at the officer for fully a minute and Ross, unable to subdue a feeling of extreme nervousness, rose to his feet.

"Does the Long Knife remember me?" the Indian demanded.

The captain shook his head, glancing hastily at the hideously painted face before him. His thoughts were not upon bedecked braves just at that time; he was brooding over the horrible fate which in a few hours would stare him in the face.

"The red man never forgets. Listen, for my words are few." And placing the right hand of Ross upon his broad chest, he continued: "Twelve moons ago I said we were brothers-ugh-good!" for with a start the incident of the Sioux youth and the two cattle herders flashed across his brain. "I am the brave—you remember now; well Indian remember too. To-night as the new moon comes out above high peak the best horse of the Sioux shall be outside of lodge. Jump through opening and ride for your life. Indian never forgets." And ere Ross could recover from his surprise he was alone with deepening shadows of approaching night, all closing rapidly about him.

A wild flush of hope, a rekindling of the old spirit of recklessness, took possession of the soldier, driving from his heart the dull feeling of despair which had required a tremendous effort on his part to conceal from his wily foe.

Although the chances might be against him, there would be at least remaining a fighting prospect—a forlorn hope—that success might crown the effort He could at least die struggling for his life, while bound to the stake, there could be but one termination to it all. His eyes brightened, the blood coursed rapidly through his veins, and he stopped occasionally to peer through the opening, the flaps of which had been carelessly thrown together.

One by one the stars made their appearance in the clear blue heavens, against which the bold, jagged outlines of the mountain ranges were sharply outlined. Within the camp comparative quiet and stillness reigned unbroken save by the occasional yelp of an Indian dog skulking about the outskirts. Cautiously reconnoitering from his point of observation, the captain glanced about him, but could detect no inmate of the camp stirring within range of his vision. His prospects for making a bold dash for liberty were good, and his spirits kept pace to the fever of excitement which coursed through his veins like so much liquid fire.

Like a gleam of silver silhouetted against the scintillating background, the thin crescent moon suddenly shot into view from behind the shaggy peak. It caught the eye of the expectant soldier as he loitered close to the opening, and his heart gave a bound as his highly strung ear detected a slight scraping sound at the rear of the tepee.

The gleam of a keen knife glittered for a moment in the uncertain light as it silently but rapidly cut its way through the buffalo skins, and Ross realized that the Sioux had kept his faith—had performed all that was possible for him to accomplish, and the balance remained with himself.

His nerves were braced like steel as he prepared for the supreme effort. Delaying a moment to enable the Indian to make good his escape, the captain, with his heart beating fast and furious, sprang lightly through the slot, found himself beside a magnificient specimen of horseflesh, vaulted onto his back, plied the spurs, and with the speed of a whirlwind rushed from between the tents, through the encampment, scattering the countless Indian dogs right and left as he galloped straight for the river ford.

There was a savage yell of astonishment and alarm, a ringing shot, a pack of howling dogs snapping at his mettlesome charger's heels, followed by a few straggling rifle shots as the startled braves sprang forth, scarcely realizing that their victim had eluded their grasp.

In a trice the entire camp was aroused; each tepee had been emptied of its occupants, while a score of dusky figures, shouting like demons, leaped on to their horse, starting in hot pursuit of the prisoner, who had disappeared in the dark shadows of the overhanging hills.

Giving his steed the rein, he reached the opposite side of the river unscathed. Then for the first time, in the excitement and hurry attending his flight, the soldier noticed strapped to the neck of his horse was a Winchester repeating rifle. One glance sufficed to assure him that it was ready for use, for fortunately, perhaps, he had no occasion to use it upon his pursuers.

It required no urging from him for the noble animal to put forth its best efforts, and with the speed of a bird the spirited horse flew onward, easily distancing the horde of yelling pursuers. Across the sandy, level plain, through sagebrush and stinging nettles, winding about the base of outlying hills, the captain pursued his way, and ere daylight dawned all sound of pursuit had died away, leaving the fugitive surrounded by the valleys and risings of the lofty mountain range.

It was three days before he struck a familiar trail leading to Gomez pass, and both horse and rider were well nigh exhausted before they finally succeeded in gaining camp. It was a joyful reunion, for Ross had been given up as dead by his companions, with whom he was deservedly popular.

There was no time lost by the command in following up the war band of Sioux, but the wily, subtle game had fled, and when the river ford was reached by the cavalrymen the Indians had disappeared. But Ross still retains that horse, and I doubt if there is gold enough in the bowels of the Black Hills to win him from his owner.—CAPTAIN H. D. SMITH in *True Flag*.

FOUND DEAD.

Last evening a person giving the name of G. R. Thompson registered at Hunt's Hotel, and desired to be called in season to take the 12 P. M. train for Chicago. Being unable to awaken him, the room was entered by means of the ventilator over the door, when the gentleman was found to be dead. He was advertising agent for Sulphur Bitters, which has an extensive sale. The corner returned a verdict of death from heart disease. His body will be sent east immediately.—*Cin. Commercial.*

EX-PRESIDENT HAYES.

The death of ex-President HAYES was an unexpected event. He passed away suddenly, but peacefully, in his own home surrounded by members of his family. In private life, as in public office, RUTHERFORD B. HAYES exemplified the best qualities of honorable, unostentatious American citizenship. Modest, conscientious and manly, he possessed the sincere esteem of his personal acquaintances regardless of party lines. He was an American of the best type—not the most brilliant type, but of that which constitutes the integrity, the vigor and virtue of the nation. A Democratic newspaper speaks of him as "commonplace." No prouder eulogium could be pronounced upon the American people and upon that great West from which he sprang, than to say that RUTHERFORD B. HAYES was commonplace. The land in which such men are commonplace need fear neither the traitor at home nor the enemy abroad. Its future is assured by the highest of guarantee, the courage, the faithfulness and the ability of its citizens. The courage of General HAYES is proved by the highest American authority—that of General GRANT. "His conduct on the field," wrote the great commander of the Union armies, "was marked by conspicuous gallantry, as well as the display of qualities of a higher order than more personal daring." And his courage was no greater than his modesty. He was never assuming; never domineering. Fraud and trickery were as foreign to his nature as poisonous miasma to sunshine,

General HAYES won his stars in the war for the Union by his personal merit, his bravery in the field and his never wearying devotion to the national cause. He gave a splendid example of that Western military spirit which achieved such admirable results for the Republic. Physically and mentally he was well equipped for the conspicuous honors and burdens which the American people invited him to assume. His election to the Presidency was a fortunate event for the country. There could hardly have been a more serious disaster than for the govenment to have fallen under Copperhead and ex-Confederate control within little more than a decade after the war. His administration vindicated the wisdom of the national choice. It was pure and firm, broad and patriotic; unstained by scandal and attended by a marked increase of national prosperity.

One of the amazing features of American politics since the overthrow of secession has been the persistent claim of Democatic organs that General HAYES was not elected President of the United States. This claim was founded on the pretext that the the Returning Board of Louisiana had not correctly counted the votes as cast and had reversed the will of the elector. Whoever may have believed such a pretext in 1876, there is certainly no excuse for accepting it now. The methods of Southern elections and the foundation of Southern solidity have become unhappily too familiar since the Hayes-Tilden contest for any observant and intelligent person to doubt that the will of a majority of the voters of Louisiana was expressed in the result which gave the electoral vote of that State to General HAYES. Added to this convincing evidence is the fact that the decision which seated Mr. HAYES was rendered by a special tribunal to which representative men of both parties agreed to refer the issue. The title of General HAYES to the Presidential chair was as good as that of any President, from GEORGE WASHINGTON down, and much better than that of GROVER CLEVELAND eight years ago or to-day; for CLEVELAND owes his election to the fraud and terrorism which silence the Republican vote in the ex-Confederate States.

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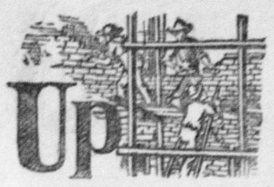

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T. J. McMunn, of San Antonio, Tex., says: "An old friend of mine named Cabaniss recently told me that Abraham Lincoln worked for his father in 1832. At that time a great rise occurred in the Sangamon river, and a steamboat, taking advantage of the high water, came up the stream. My friend was then a child, and the whistling of the boat frightened him. Lincoln, then a tall, angular young man, took him in his arms and carried him aboard the boat. After the departure of the craft Lincoln wrote some rhymes about the incident, one verse of which the Cabaniss family preserved. It runs thus:

"The Illinois Suckers, green and raw,
Collected on the Sangamaw
To see a boat come up the stream;
They surely thought it was a dream.

"For this doggerel he invented a melody, and he and others sang it. The song never found its way into print. The elder Cabaniss always told his children that the amiable, kindly Lincoln would develop into a great man."

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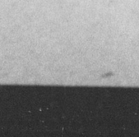

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25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13 93.

The many important factors favoring the value of securities are still prevented from having their due effect upon prices by the timidity excited by the position of the silver question, the continued large exports of gold, and the depletion of the Treasury gold balance. It is still uncertain whether the present session of Congress may consent to suspend the operation of the Sherman Act; and the anxiety on this account is increased by the revival of a report,—at first discredited—attributing to the President elect a willingness to support (if necessary) a compromise that would restore the Bland Act; which is regarded as being, on the whole, worse than allowing the Sherman law to run until its effects compelled its suspension at least. While there is no certainty, perhaps not even a fair probability, that the Sherman Act will be *immediately* repealed, the Treasury stock of gold is diminishing, and at the same time circumstances point to a continuance of exports of gold. The net stock of gold coin and bullion in the Treasury fell from $121,200,000 on the 1st of January to $108,200,000 on the 1st of February. A futher loss of $10,000,000—which might but too easily occur in the event of continued exports of specie and from the straightened revenue resources of the Treasury—would sink the Treasury gold reserve below the 100 million requirements. In view of the scramble of the great European banks for gold, we can have no assurance that such an inroad on our gold stock might not arise. We are thus verging very uncomfortably close upon a condition in which the Treasury might find it necessary to sell bonds; and that is a matter not to be ignored.

The current of gold movement in Europe compels us to look these possibilities squarely in the face The Austra-Hungarian loan of $25,000,000 for establishing gold payments is already virtually consummated, which means the immediate withdrawal of that amount of gold from other countries into a hoarded idle reserve. A bill has been introduced into the French Legislature, which is expected to take early effects, authorizing the Bank of France to increase its note issue by $100,000,000, the main object contemplated being to enable the bank to increase its stock of gold by exchanging its notes for it. Moreover, Germany will soon be in market with a new loan for military purposes, whilst the long-deferred Russian loan is expected to be soon negotiated in Paris, with the effects in subjecting the Continent to a drain of gold into Russia's war-chest. These operations, happening at a period when the silver agitation is disposing European bankers to augment their stocks of gold, are not to be lost sight of. Coming at a time when we have already been largely depleted of gold and when the Treasury resources are lower than for many years past and when its gold reserve is thus exposed to overerawal, the least can be expected is that Congress should strengthen the morale of our own finances by the repeal or suspension of the Sherman Act. And it is to the last degree urgent that Wall Street should see to it that no blame shall rest upon the financial metropolis for any failure of Congress to adopt that course. Congressmen are not financiers; very few of them understand even the elements of economic principles. It is therefore due from the men of finance that they should plainly and emphatically exhibit to Congress and the country the dangers of this situation; and that demonstration should be made through a great public meeting at an early day. That is a voice that would command attention and be respected; and the fact that it has not yet been uttered may well be urged by Congressmen in extenuation of their apparent lack of appreciation of the real seriousness of the situation.

The wild fluctuations in the "industrial" stocks, whilst giving activity to the market, are producing a demoralized feeling. Such violent changes are suggestive of anything rather than intrinsic value in the stocks themselves, and seem to imply that the originators and managers in these corporations are far more concerned in making money out of illicit speculation than by a conservative management of their properties.

The negotiation of the supporters of Richmond Terminal with Messrs. Drexel & Morgan for the reconstruction of that Company has had a reassuring effect upon the market. A readjustment of that great mass of disorganization by almost any means is a consummation far preferable to the continuance of the present state of affairs. One of the things most needed in our vast railroad system, is the establishing of order and rational relations between the multitude of disconnected and badly managed roads of the South. Such a reformation becomes far more possible when the R. & D. is put upon a safe and enduring basis; and the consummation of that work would be the signal for rearrangements among the Southern lines that would not only increase the earning capacity of that group of lines, but would also materially promote the development of the industries of that section of the country.

HENRY CLEWS.

DR. WASHINGTON GLADDEN is at present taking the place of Philips Brooks in lectures to students at Harvard University. His "Cosmopolis City Club," *The Century*, has been particularly timely and useful in communities where a fight for good government happens to be going on. The first article, which appeared a week before the city primary elections in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, is said to have had a decided influence in the campaign conducted by the Citizens' Reform Association of that city.

Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

EDITORS TABLE.

General William F. Draper contributes to the SOCIAL ECONOMIST for February an article entitled "Ratio of Wages to Profits in Manufacture," the object of which is "to prove the proposition that the average profit of manufacture is not greater than the average rate of interest on money." The proof offered is not argumentative or theoretic merely, it is based on the unenthusiastic showing of figures. The operations of sixty-five manufacturing companies are considered during the last decade, and a tabulated report is presented of dividend, paid out, cash paid in, and the selling price of stock in 1882 and in 1892, with the result that forty fortunate companies which survived for that period are shown to have paid out in dividends during the ten years more money than they earned in that time. The ratio of wages paid to dividends received for this time is then investigated, and found to be 7 to 1, as large a proportion of the etotal profit of business as labor can receiv in a fair division, there remaining only "ordinary payment for services of management and the ordinary rate of interest on capital invested."

MUSICAL COLLEGE.—The Spring Term opens May 1st., in Vocal and Instrumental Music. For catalogues address Henry B. Moyer, Freeburg, Pa. Vol. 24 No. 5-3t.

TO THE WORLD'S FAIR FOR NOTHING.

"The New York Press" Will Pay the Expenses of Fifty Teachers to the Chicago Exposition.

The Press (New York) is making one of the most liberal offers ever made by any newspaper. It proposes to pay all the expenses of the fifty most popular school teachers—thirty from New York and Brooklyn—to the World's Fair at Chicago.

The excursion will be made on a magnificently equipped train of drawing-room, sleeping and dining cars, and the trip will cover a period of about two weeks. The hotel accommodation at Chicago will be first class, the expenses of which, including meals on the way and in the exposition buildings and fares and admission into the grounds, will be paid by *The Press*.

The selection of the fifty favorites will be made on the ground of popularity, their popularity to be tested by ballots printed in every issue of *The Sunday Press*.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

LYDIA E.

PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Is a positive cure for all those painful

Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25c., cure Biliousness, Constipation, and Torpid Liver. By mail, or of druggists.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answered.*

You can address in strictest confidence,
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

Nothing On Earth Will

MAKE HENS LAY,

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Sheridan's Condition Powder!

KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease.

Good for Moulting Hens.

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. "One large can saved me $40; send six to prevent Roup," says one customer.

If you can't get it send to us.

We mail one pack 25c. Five $1. A 2 1-4 lb. can $1.20. Six cans, $5.00, express paid. *Poultry Raising Guide*, price 25 cents, free with $1.00 orders or more. Sample copy of THE BEST POULTRY PAPER sent free.

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Common glass may break or not the minute you light your lamp; if not, the first draft may break it; if not, it may break from a mere whim.

Tough glass chimneys, Macbeth's "Pearl-top" or "Pearl-glass," almost never break from heat, not one in a hundred.

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Seven courses in Arts, Philosophy and Science, Civil, Mining and Electrical Engineering, and Chemistry. Annual Commencement, June 29th. Fall term begins September 15th. For Catalogue, address

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LATEST PATENTS-BEST IMPROVEMENTS. WITH ELECTRO-MAGNETIC SUSPENSORY.

Will cure without medicine all Weakness resulting from overtaxation of brain, nerve forces, excesses or indiscretion, as sexual exhaustion, drains, losses, nervous debility, sleeplessness, languor, rheumatism, kidney, liver and bladder complaints, lame back, lumbago, erisipelas, general ill-health, etc. This electric belt contains Wonderful Improvements over all others, and gives a current that is instantly felt by the wearer or we forfeit $5,000.00, and will cure all of the above diseases or no pay. Thousands have been cured by this marvelous invention after all other remedies failed, and we give hundreds of testimonials in this and every other state.

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Health and Vigorous Strength GUARANTEED in 60 to 90 DAYS. Send for large illustrated pamphlets, sealed, free by mail. Address

SANDEN ELECTRIC CO.,
No. 819 Broadway, NEW YORK.

RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, Dec. 19, 1892.

STATIONS	Dis	WESTWARD A.M	A.M	P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 40	9 25	4 15
Flemington—f	1.8	4 43	9 29	4 18
Mill Hall	3.0	4 46	9 31	4 21
Beech Creek	8.3	4 56	9 42	4 33
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 59	9 45	4 35
Howard	14.5	5 07	9 54	4 44
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 14	10 02	4 50
Curtin	19.9	5 18	10 09	4 57
Milesburg	22.5	5 25	10 18	5 05
BELLEFONTE	25.2	5 35	10 28	5 15
Milesburg	25.5	5 45	10 38	5 25
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 48	10 43	5 28
Unionville	28.5	5 55	10 51	5 36
Julian	32.9	6 06	11 00	5 45
Martin	37.0	6 13	11 09	5 54
Port Matilda	40.4	6 21	11 17	6 01
Hannah—f	43.7	6 28	11 26	6 08
Fowler—f	45.6	6 26	11 29	6 10
Dix—f	46.5	6 32	11 32	6 13
Bald Eagle	49.2	6 38	11 38	6 19
Vail	51.2	6 42	11 43	6 23
East Tyrone	52.0	6 46	11 45	6 27
TYRONE	54.3	6 52	11 55	6 33

STATIONS	Dis	EASTWARD A.M	P.M	P.M
TYRONE		8 10	3 10	7 25
East Tyrone	1.3	8 17	3 17	7 32
Vail	3.1	8 20	3 20	7 35
Bald Eagle	5.6	8 25	3 24	7 39
Dix—f	8.6	8 30	3 30	7 45
Fowler—f	9.3	8 32	3 33	7 48
Hannah—f	10.6	8 36	3 37	7 52
Port Matilda	13.9	8 43	3 44	7 59
Martha	17.3	8 51	3 52	8 07
Julian	21.4	8 59	4 01	8 16
Unionville	25.8	9 10	4 10	8 25
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 18	4 17	8 32
Milesburg	30.8	9 22	4 20	8 35
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 32	4 30	8 45
Milesburg	30.8	9 47	4 40	9 00
Curtin	34.4	9 56	4 46	9 07
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	10 02	4 50	9 15
Howard	39.8	19 09	4 57	9 22
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 17	5 15	9 39
Beech Creek	46.0	10 20	5 08	9 33
Mill Hall	51.3	10 31	5 19	9 44
Flemington	52.5	10 34	5 21	9 47
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	10 37	5 23	9 50

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Dec. 19 h, 1892

Westward P.M	A.M	Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	P.M
4 50	10 00	SCOTIA	25.6	9 21	4 00
5 05	10 18	8.3 — Fairbrook	23.3	9 09	4 25
5 15	10 28	8.7 — Penna. Furnace	16.9	8 56	4 16
5 21	10 34	10.6 — Mostler f	15.0	8 50	4 09
5 26	10 46	12.3 — Moreugo f	13.6	8 43	4 01
5 32	10 52	15.1 — Loysville f	11.1	8 37	3 75
5 39	10 58	15.2 — Furnace Rd. f	10.4	8 31	3 49
5 43	11 02	15.8 — Dougarvin f	9.8	8 27	3 —
5 53	11 10	18.2 — Warriors Mark	7.4	8 19	3 38
6 03	11 20	20.5 — Pennington	5.1	8 10	3 30
6 15	11 32	23.5 — Stover	2.1	7 58	3 10
6 25	11 42	25.6 — TYRONE		7 50	3 18

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD.—Time Table, Dec 19 1892

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte at 10.35 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 12.16 p m.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.00 p m arrives at Bellefonte at 4.50 p m.

Leaves Bellefont at 5.25 p m, arrives at Snow Shoe at 7.00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R.
To take effect Dec. 19th, 1892

Dis.	Westward a.m.	p.m.	STATIONS	Eastward a.m.	p.m.
.0	5.45	2 00	MONTANDON	8.50	4 55
1.5	6.15	2.08	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	8.20	4 47
1.5	6.15	2.08	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar		4 47
5.4	6.23	2.17	Biehl f	8 52	4 39
6.8	6.28	2 22	Vicksburg f	8.47	4.35
10.7	6.37	2 31	MIFFLINBURG	8.38	4 27
13.1	6.42	2.36	Barber f	8.33	4 22
15.2	6.47	3.41	Swengle f	8.27	4 17
16.1	7.50	3.43	Millmont	8.25	4.15
18.6	7.58	3.51	GLEN IRON	8.17	4.07
23.5	7.07	3.00	Pardee f	8.08	3.59
28.9	7.18	3.11	Cherry Run f	7.57	3.48
32.2	7.27	3.23	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f	7.48	3.40
33.9	7.31	3.23	Ingleby f	7.45	3.37
36.6	7.38	4.39	Coburn	7.38	3.30
39.6	7.45	4.37	Zerby f	7.30	3.23
43.4	7.55	4.47	Rising Springs	7.21	3.14
46.2	8.02	4.53	Penn's Cave f	7.14	3.07
49.2	8.09	4.04	CENTRE HALL	7.08	3.01
51.6	8.16	4.07	Gregg f	7.00	2.54
54.6	8.23	4.13	Linden Hall	6.52	2.47
56.7	8.24	4.18	OAK HALL	6.47	2.42
58.3	8.32	4.22	LEMONT	6.43	2.37
60.2	8.37	4.27	Dale Summit f	6.38	2.33
63.9	8.47	4.37	Pleasant Gap f	6.28	2.23
65.2	8.50	4.40	Axeman f	6.25	2.20
67.4	8.55	4.45	BELLEFONTE	6.21	2.15

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, April 4th, 1892, trains will run as follows, leaving the Pennsylvania Railroad station.

EASTWARD 12	10	8	1	2		WESTWARD 1	5	7	9	11
pm	pm	pm	am	am	Ar—Lv	am	am	am	pm	pm
6 35		5 50		9 05	Bellefont	6 50		10 30		4 40
6 28		5 44		8 59	Coleville	6 37		10 35		4 45
6 25		5 41		8 56	Morris	6 40		10 38		4 48
6 22		5 38		8 52	Whitmer	6 44		10 43		4 51
6 19		5 35		8 49	Linns	6 47		10 46		4 54
6 17		5 33		8 47	Hunters	6 50		10 48		4 56
6 14		5 31		8 44	Filmore	6 53		10 52		5 00
6 11		5 28		8 40	Sellers	6 57		10 56		5 03
6 09		5 26		8 38	Briarly	7 00		10 58		5 05
6 05	6 00	5 23	8 25	8 36	Waddle	7 05	7 10	11 01	5 10	5 10
6 02	5 50	5 20	8 20	8 30	Mattern J	7 08	7 14	11 03	5 13	5 12
	5 46		8 17		Graysdale		7 19		5 16	
	5 43		8 12		Mattern		7 24		5 20	
	5 40		8 05		Stormstown		7 29		5 23	
	5 35		8 00		Red Bank		7 35		5 30	
5 51		3 08		8 18	Krumr'ne	7 21		11 13		5 24
5 48		3 05		8 14	Struble	7 24		11 17		5 27
5 45		3 09		8 10	St. College	7 30		11 20		5 30

Train

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash EDWARD T. TUTEN.

CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.

One day lately a double frame house in the borough of Philipsburg caught fire and was burned to the ground. It was occupied by Mrs. Eliza Herring and John Schneider, In speaking of the affair the *Journal* of that place says The furniture of Mr. Schneider, it seems, was saved, but everything belonging to Mrs, Herring was destroyed, including all the clothing of the family except what they had on their backs at the time, and a couple of her children were attired in their night robes.

The saddest feature of the whole affair was the burning to death of Sadie, the bright little five year old daughter of Mrs. Herring. It was not known that the little one was still in the building until too late to be rescued. The charred remains of the unfortunate child were gathered up next morning and taken in charge by Haworth Bros., undertakers. The mother, who only a few days ago gave birth to a son and was naturally still in a feeble condition, is almost distracted over the terrible disaster. She has been a widow since June last, when her husband was killed by accident near Greensburg. She has three boys and her little babe dependent upon her, and as all her earthly substance has been swept away, the case is one that calls for immediate attention at the hands of the charitably disposed.

The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is supposed to have caught from a flue.

BUSINESS ENTERPRISE.

We publish in another column the advertisement of Messrs. McCalmont & Co., calling attention to their cheap fuel—Crushed Coke. Coke is more bulky, weighing thirty five pounds to the bushel —Anthracite Coal weighs seventy eight pounds to the bushel, nevertheless there is more Carbon, actual burning material in one ton of Coke, than there is in a ton of hard coal. A number of people, who never used Coke before are now burning it very successfully in this community. It is no harder to learn how to burn Coke, than it is to learn the use of hard coal. Crushed Coke will surely take the place of Hard Coal, because it costs so much less money, which certainly invites the attention of the consumers of coal.

Messrs. McCalmont & Co. are not among those who wait for someone else to start a new enterprise and then try to divide the business—they are men of progress, who keep in view the wants of the people, whom they serve in their business calling;—hence the scarcity and high price of hard coal has induced them to supply a cheaper fuel. To accomplish this object, they have purchared a Coke Crusher, with which they are now crushing and preparing Coke at their yard in Bellefonte for use in heaters and stoves, in churches dwellings, school houses, shops and other buildings, which they sell at a low price. This crushed coke is free from slate and cinders, which are a nuisance in the use of hard coal. Mr. Shortlidge, the principal manager of the business of this firm, has been enaged during the past thirty two years in the employment of men, and we believe that he has brought more money to the town, according to his means, than any other man in it. He engaged in the lime business in 1861 to manufacture commercial lime, when the work of one man stocked the market with that commodity. Through his efforts the business gradually grew, although he had to sterm the tide until the reputation of the Bellefonte Lime became so favorably known, that another lime oporator was compelled to come here and engage in the business. After purchasing the original plant of Mr. Shortlidge he remarked "the buyers of lime will not fling Bellefonte Lime in my face any longer." The outcome of this enterprise, is, that about one hundred and fifty men are now being employed in the lime business in the vicinity of Bellefonte. If those who engaged in other enterprises had have profited by the example set by Mr. Shortlidge and began at the bottom to build up, instead of beginning at the top and building down, we would not now look at the car shops, glass works and nail works as being the idle monuments of most stupendous blunder by which the business of this town has suffered very largely in addition to the amount of money lost by those who engaged immediately in these failures. We suggest that there can be manufacturies started in this community and made prosporous, if they will start them on a small scale and build them up, as the lime business has been made sucessful. This late move to furnish the people with cheap fuel is only in keeping with Mr. Shortlidge's business life, which certainly commands the respect and patronage of the public, who desire to reduce their expenses in the consumption of fuel.

Golden words of Truth.

We Have Our Pastors' Assurance of These Facts.

THE WORD OF MINISTERS TAKEN AS STRONGEST PROOF.

Persons Believe the Pastor Before Anyone Else in the World.

There are no words so strong as those spoken by the true minister of the gospel. One knows and feels instinctively that such words come from the heart and are prompted only by the earnest purpose of doing good to humanity.

We do not wonder, therefore, at the great influence with the public of the strong and ringing words of praise which the eminent divine, Rev. C. D. Meacham, gives the most wonderful of medicines, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. When he was run down in health, weak in nerves, prostrated in strength, and with his blood badly impaired, he was restored to sound and vigorous health by this marvellous health renewer.

Here are the exact facts in his own words:

"I am very glad to say in regard to Dr. Greene's great remedy that when my blood was badly impoverished by an old scrofula humor, and my nervous system was greatly impaired, Dr. Greene's medicine gave me wonderful relief.

"At the present time my health is as good as at any time in my life, and my confidence in Dr. Greene's remedy is constantly increasing.

REV. C. D. R. MEACHAM.
Pastor Baptist Church, Townshend, Vt."

Doubtless the same heartfelt sympathy and great desire to see the sick made well inspired the Rev. Dr. J. W. Walker, Presiding Elder of the Methodist Church, Fort Dodge, Ia., to also recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to the sick and suffering. He, too, has used it himself; he, too, knows that it cures, that it is sure to make the sick well if they use it.

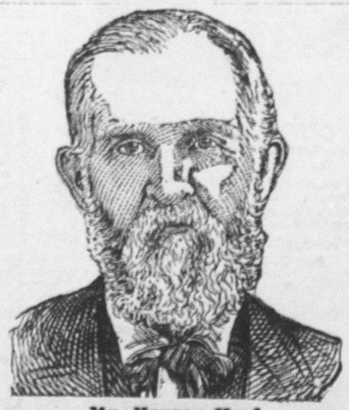
"I have given Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy a fair test, and am free to say that I consider it rightly named. I have recommended its use to several.

REV. J. W. WALKER,
Presiding Elder, Fort Dodge, Ia,

We have published the testimonials of vast numbers of people who were cured by the use of the great discovery, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, but we take more pleasure in giving to the world Rev. Mr. Meacham's own words and those of Rev. Mr. Walker in regard to the wonderful benefits they received from this valuable remedy, because we realize that the earnest words of a minister will have great weight with sufferers from disease, and everybody who reads their convincing words in regard to the sure and remarkable curative powers of this medicine will lose no time in securing a bottle and thus obtain a cure.

Above all use this great remedy in the Spring, for it is the best Spring medicine in the world. Almost everybody needs to use a Spring medicine to invigorate the blood, strengthen the nerves and start up a healthy action of the liver, kidneys and bowels. Be sure and use Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless, and is kept by all druggists at $1.00.

Its discoverer is the well known Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th Street, New York, who gives consultation and advice free to the sick, personally or by letter. The sick should use immediately Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, for it is not only the best remedy ever discovered, but those using it have the privilege of consulting Dr. Greene, personally or by letter, concerning its effects, their health, etc. This fact alone guarantees the assurance of cure. If you need a medicine do not fail to take this best of all remedies.



Mr. Harvey Heed
Laceyville O.

Catarrh, Heart Failure, Paralysis of the Throat

"I Thank God and Hood's Sarsaparilla for Perfect Health."

"Gentlemen: For the benefit of suffering humanity I wish to state a few facts: For several years I have suffered from catarrh and heart failure, getting so bad I could not work and

Could Scarcely Walk

I had a very bad spell of paralysis of the throat some time ago. My throat seemed closed and I **could not swallow**. The doctors said it was caused by heart failure, and gave medicine, which I took according to directions, but it did not seem to do me any good. My wife urged me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, telling me of Mr. Joseph C. Smith, who had been

At Death's Door

but was entirely cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. After talking with Mr. Smith, I concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I had taken two bottles I felt very much better. I have continued taking it, and am now feeling excellent. I thank God, and

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and my wife for my restoration to **perfect health.**" HARVEY HEED, Laceyville, O.

HOOD'S PILLS do not purge, pain or gripe. but act promptly, easily and efficiently. 25c.

DON'T BE CAUGHT

by "cut prices." Don't buy spurious imitations of Dr. Pierce's medicines at less than the regular prices, and think that you're saving money. You would be, if you could get the genuine guaranteed medicines in that way. But you can't. The genuine medicines are sold only through regularly authorized agents, and always have been, are, and always will be sold at these prices:

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery (the remedy of all diseases arising from a torpid liver or impure blood), ... $1.00 per bottle.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription (for woman's weaknesses and ailments), ... $1.00 per bottle.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets (the original and best Liver Pills), ... 25 cents per vial.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, ... 50 cents per bottle.

And they're worth that—they're worth more than that. They're the cheapest medicines you can buy, at any price, for they're guaranteed in every case to benefit or cure, or you have your money back. You pay only for the good you get. No other remedies of their kind are, or could be, sold on these terms.

Dealers not authorized to sell Dr. Pierce's genuine medicines may offer dilutions, imitations, or substitutes, at less than the prices given above. Beware of them.

—Mrs. Mary M. Breth, who lives in Curtin township, was the recipient of a handsome donation from kind and loving friends lately. Her husband was killed in Clearfield county several years ago, leaving her in needy circumstances with three small children to support. There is a blessing promised to those who do not forget the needs of the widow and fatherless.

Hyperdermic injections of morphia are frequently prescribed by physicians for cure of neuralgia; but its effects are only ephemeral and you will have to repeat the injection every day. Discard this seductive enchanter, and use Salvation Oil, which goes to the seat of the trouble and effects a permanent cure.

A sure cure for croup. Keep it handy. Mr. Clinton Campbell, Chester, Pa., says: "I can recommend Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup as a sure cure for croup. We have kept it in the house for the last five years and would not be without it.

CLOTHING SALES AGENT WANTED for Bellefonte and vicinity. Liberal commissions paid, and we furnish the best and most complete Outfit ever provided by any house. Write at once for terms.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
Philadelphia, Pa.

APPLICATION FOR FENCE LEGISLATION.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the next Legislature for such legislation as will require the erection and maintenance of fence and regulating the same within the county of Centre.

ISAAC BECK,
I. S. FRAIN.

6 4t.

WANTED—OIL AGENT.—A good, reliable man to represent me in Bellefonte and vicinity in the sale of Lubricating Oil on good commission. Also a few traveling salesmen to carry my samples as a side line; case is small and can be carried in the pocket. Address, with reference,
CANSON BEARDSLEY,
6 3t Cleveland, Ohio.

MEMORIAL HISTORY OF

JAMES G. BLAINE.

Going like a prairie fire,
Nothing like it ever known.
The greatest selling book of the Century.

Agents are wild with enthusiasm and making from $10 to $20 per day. We have the best book and allow agents the best terms.

Authors, JAMES P. BOYD, A. M. and HON. JHON RUSSELL YOUNG

FINELY ILLUSTRATED.

Cloth, only $1.50. Morocco, $2.00.
Send 10c. for postage on
FREE OUTFIT.
Send to-day and you will make money fast.

S. I. BELL & CO.,
639, 641 & 643 N. Broad St., Philada., Pa.

APPLICATION FOR LICENSE

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their petitions for liquor licenses in the office of the clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Centre county, and that application will be made to said court on Tuesday, the 7th day of March, 1893, to grant the same.

TAVERN.

Gottlieb Haag	S. W.,	Bellefonte
John M. Neubauer	"	"
Garman & Garman	"	"
H. C. Yeager	"	"
Rose McCarty	"	"
W. L. Dagget	W. W.	"
D. L. Bartges		Centre Hall
Jacob L. DeHass		Howard boro
Willis Weaver		Millheim
W. S. Musser		"
Geo E. Leister	1st W.,	Philipsburg
Wm. H. McCausland	"	"
James Passmore	2nd W.,	"
Martha Ashcrort	"	"
Wm. Parker	"	"
Tattersall Ingham	"	"
Simler & Slinger	"	"
R. T. Comley	"	"
Richard Bowen	"	"
H. W. Buckingham	"	"
A Kohlbecker		Boggs twp
James A. Decker		Ferguson twp
Jesse Long		Gregg twp
D H. Ruhl		"
John W. O'Connor		Liberty twp
James T. Delong		"
A. L. Nearhood		Rebersburg
J. H Odenkirk		Potter twp
W W Rishel		Penn twp
Jeffery Hayes		Rush twp
John W Pennington		Rush twp
Wm P Brown		Clarence
Mary Nolan		Snow Shoe twp
James Redding		"
John G Uzzle		"
Geo Uzzle		Clarence
Henry Robb		Walker twp
G J Woodring		Worth twp

WHOLESALE BEER

John Anderson	W	W Bellefonte
George Deim	2nd W.,	Philipsburg

WHOLESALE LIQUOR

W R Haynes		Snow Shoe twp
Jones & Riley	2nd W.,	Philipsburg
Joseph Leham	"	"
Orin Vail	"	"

DISTILLER.

N W Eby	Haines twp
John C. Mulfinger	Spring twp

W. F. SMITH, Clerk.

Street Costume.

Shoots it on the Spot— ST. JACOBS OIL is the sworn enemy of Pain. It fights to Kill. It wins its Battles and Comes off Conqueror?

Wonderfully Successful in All Chronic Diseases

—DISEASES OF THE—
Ear, Eye, Nose, Throat, Lungs and Nasal Catarrh.

ALL EYE OPERATIONS SUCCESSFULLY PERFORMED BY THEM.

DR. MORITZ SALM
—WILL BE AT—
THE BUSH HOUSE,
Bellefonte, Pa.,

SATURDAYS--FEB. 25, MARCH 25, APRIL 22, MAY 20, JUNE 17, JULY 15, AUGUST 12, SEPT. 9, OCT. 7, NOV. 4, DEC. 2 & 30.
AT SYRACUSE HOUSE, HOWARD, PA.,
FRIDAYS--FEB. 24, MAR. 24, APRIL 21, MAY 19, JUNE 16, JULY 14, AUG. 11, SEPT. 8, OCT. 7, NOV. 4, DEC. 2.

ONE DAY ONLY.
Examination and Consultation FREE to Everybody.

ONCE MORE HALE AND HEARTY.

Bellefonte, Pa., Oct. 13th, 1892

For more than 5 years I have had a bad eye trouble, etc., miserable case of dyspepsia, felt generally very bad, became very thin and pale and never had any appetite. But now, after only a few months treatment with Dr. Salm I have gained very much in flesh, my Dyspepsia is cured and my eyes are as well as anyones and I consider myself, thanks to the good Doctor, once more hale and hearty.

MISS MILLIE KELLY,
Attested by her mother. Snow Shoe
Sarah Kelly. Centre Co., Pa.

SELF-EXPLANTORY.

Tyrone Sept. 20, 1892

DR SALM.

The Medicine you gave me for Bronchitis and Asthma helped me wonderfully. There are 5 or 6 persons here who know of the success you have with me want to see you about their health. Let me know if you can stop over here, if not we will come to see you at Bellefonte Yours Resps.

MRS. Jennie Corsan.

THE EYES ARE NOW STRAIGHT THANKS TO THE DR.

Indiana Oct. 12th 1892.

I have been cross-eyed and that bad y for over 28 years. Dr. Salm operated on both eyes in less than two minutes time, without causing the least pain, nor was I confined to my room for a single moment I can conscientionsly say that they are now perfectly strong, thanks to the Dr.

MRS. CALLIE KINTER.

CATARRH & BRONCHITIS CURED.

Dr. M. Salm treated me for catarrh and bronchitis. I had been affected with it for years and was incapacitated for any work and suffered with sleeplessness, but now consider myself entirely cured. Will be glad to answer any questions pertaining to the above testimonial gratefully. JOHN NEWDORFER.

Delmont, Pa.

LUNG TROUBLE & CATARRH CURED

I have had lung trouble and a bad case of catarrh for years, my breathing became very laborious about a year before I came to Dr. M Salm under treatment, and I was unable to do any work whatever, appetite all gone and I became a complete physical wreck and I could see in my friends' eyes that they gave me up for lost. However, after all this, I consider myself now entirely cured, breathing good, no more catarrh, can work all day and feel happy once more; thanks to this great doctor. LIZZIE ALLISON.

Oct. 22, 1891. Blairsville Intersection.

REMOVAL OF POLIPUS.

For the last 17 years I have been troubled with catarrh and for the last 3 years could not breathe through my nostrils; had tried several doctors, and patent medicine in abundance without avail. Dr. Salm, of Columbus, said I had polipus in connection with catarrh; he removed them for me and I breathe again comfortably through both nostrils; altogether I am feeling much better and find myself on the highway to recovery.

WM. ROSENBERGER,
18 Muskingum St.,
June 27, 1889. Massillon, O.

EPILEPSY AND INSANITY.

My daughter Alice had epilepsy to such a degree as to make her idiotic. She was of no use for work, and was not able to recognize any one, we brought her to Dr. Salm for treatment, and the improvement the Dr. worked on her is wonderful. She can work again, has her right mind, no more fits and can talk intelligibly with any one, and is hale and hearty again. JACAB SHAFFER.

Mechanicsburg, Pa. Oct. 21, 1891.

RUNNING OF THE EAR AND DEAFNESS CURED.

For the last eight years my little daughter, Bertha, has had a severe case of running of the ear, the odor was fearful, she became pale, thin and generally complained, but after a course of treatment with Dr. Salm, she is hale and hearty, all running of the ear has stopped and her hearing before having been bad is good again. We recommend the doctor.

I G JONES.

Our daughter Mary has been crossed eyed since birth, she is now 14 years old, and this day we brought her to Dr. alm, who visits Indiana every four weeks, an operation was made of not more than a minute's duration, and was without pain no chloroform being given The eye is now as straight as any one's.

THOS. A JOHNSTON
SUE M JOHNSTON.

Advance, Indiana Co., Pa., Nov. 20, 1890.

Diseases of Women, such as have baffled the skill of all other physicians and remedies, quickly cured. Cancers, Tumors, fibroid and polypoid growths cured without the use of the knife or caustics. No cutting, no pain no danger

Manhood perfectly restored. Quick, painless, and certain cure for impotence, lost manhood, spermatorrhea l losses, weak and nervous debility, also for prostatis, vericocele, and all private diseases, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual functions speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cure guaranteed. No risk incurred. Free examination of the Urine—each persons applying for medical treatment should send or bring 2 to 7 ounces of urine, which will receive a careful chemical and microscopic examination. Small Tumors, Cancers, Warts, Moles, etc., removed without acids, knife, pain or scar. New method Electroysis, Epilepso or fits scientifically treated and positively cured by a never-failing method. Address all communications to Box 760. Columbus, Ohio. Examination and consultation free to everybody.

Our Advertisement will Appear Twice Before Each Visit

CRUSHED COKE

Cheap Fuel!

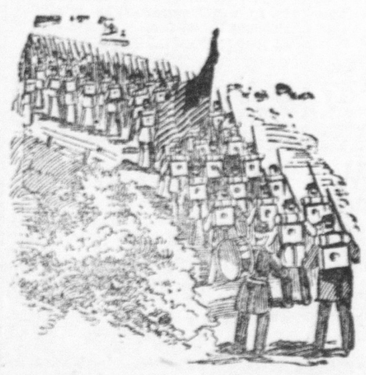
The Best Fuel!

Orders for Crushed Coke by Star Route Pony Express.

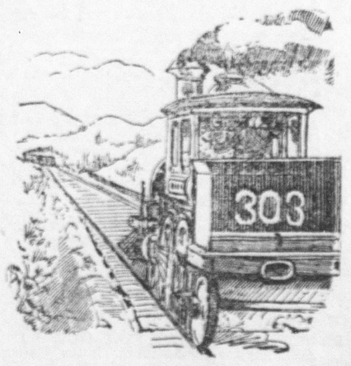
CRUSHED COKE

Crushed Coke makes a quick fire—makes the hotest fire and makes the cheapest fires. No slate and no clinkers.

Nut Coke, Stove Coke and Egg Coke are good for heating cook stoves and ranges, Egg Stoves and Heaters, Open grates and closed grates for use in churches, residences and public school houses.



The Patrons of McCalmont & Co. marching to the music of their Coke Crusher.



Fired up with Crushed Coke.

McCalmont & Co. are making a run on the sale of crushed coke. They are the pioneers in this business and deserve the patronage of the public, for it is the fuel for the million and will ultimately take the place of hard coal in this community. It is the cheapest fuel now in use. Price $3.60 per ton at the yard. Orders left at their office in the Hale Building for all kinds of Coal and Coke will receive prompt and careful attention.

McCALMONT & CO.

Feb9 2m

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

EDITED BY MRS M. P. TUTEN.

CENTRE COUNTY AND BELLEFONTE LOCAL OFFICERS.

President—Mrs John P. Harris.
Vice Pres.—Mrs. James Harris.
Secretary—Miss Eliza Thomas.
Treasurer—Mrs. D. D. Mitchell.

Regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. is held every Thursday at 4 o'clock P. M. in the W. C. T. U. rooms No. 20, Criders Exchange.

Gospel temperance meeting every Sunday afternoon at 2.30 at the same place.

A cordial invitation to attend these meetings is extended to all.

Sewing school every Saturday afternoon from 2 to 4; also held at room 20. To this school children are earnestly invited.

The exchange is open every Saturday at 3 P. M. in the room formerly occupied by Mr. McManigus as a law office. A good variety of break, pies, puddings, cake and candy always on hand. Orders for Sunday dinner deserts promptly filled.

Look to yourselves, that we lose not those things which we have wrought, but that we receive a full reward. John-11-8.

Whosoever transgresseth, and abideth not in the doctrine of Christ, hath not God. He that abideth in the doctrine of Christ, he hath both the Father and Son. John-11-9.

A BUILDERS LESSON.

"How shall I a habit break?"
As you did that habit make.
As you gathered you must lose,
As you yielded now refuse.
Thread by thread the strands we twist
Till they bind us neck and wrist;
Thread by thread the patient hand
Must untwine ere free we stand.
As we builded, stone by stone,
We must toil, unhelped, alone,
Till the wall is overthrown.

But remember, as we try,
Lighter every test goes by;
Waning in the stream grows deep
Toward the center's downward sweep;
Backward turn, each step ashore
Shallower is than that before.
Ah, the precious years we waste
Leveling what we raised in haste;
Doing what must be undone
Ere content or love be won!
First across the gulf we cast
Kite borne threads, till lines are fast,
And habit builds the bridge at last.

JOHN BOYLE O'REILLY.

A SCRIPTURE TEMPERANCE LESSON.

Isaiah 5.

Leader.—There was a time, boys and girls, when some men and women in our land wore chains. Four millions of black men and women were called slaves. They were bought and sold like horses and cows. This was done not only in the South, but in some parts of the North as well. Now the handcuffs and chains are broken in all our land. Nearly thirty years ago the black people were all set free when Abraham Lincoln, who was then President, wrote the Emancipation Proclamation, which meant that there should be no more slaves in this country. There is now but one black slave in the United States. The chains and handcuffs are all gone, nobody knows where. The slaves have become free men and women, and in many towns they are being educated the same as white people. Now, children, are there really any more slaves?

Children.—Yes, there are more than four millions of them.

L.—To what are they slaves, and who are they?

C.—To intemperance, and they are both white and black.

L.—Do these slaves work early and late? What does our bible lesson say about it?

C.—"They rise up early in the morning that they may follow strong drink; they continue until night."

L.—Did some of the slaves in the long ago have kind masters?

C.—Yes, and some of them had plenty to eat and drink.

L.—Does our lesson say that is the case with the slaves of intemperance?

C.—"They are famished, and their multitude are parched with thirst."

L.—What further does it say about the rich slaves as well as the poor slaves?

C.—"The *mean* man is bowed down, and the *great* man is humbled."

L.—What is the end of them all?

C.—"Hell hath enlarged herself and opened her mouth without measure, and they shall descend into it."

L.—How are the links formed in the chain which binds these slaves?

C.—By moderate drinking and by treating.

L.—What is moderate drinking?

C.—Tasting a ltttle beer or whiskey, without intending to drink much or to become drunkards.

L.—What is treating?

C.—It is when one man pays for the drinks of his companions and they all "drink to his health," they say.

L.—To his health! What would be more proper to say?

C.—Drink his death, for liquor is a poison that kills body and soul.

L.—What does our chapter say about those who call things by wrong names?

C.—"Woe unto them that call evil good and good evil; they put darkness for light and light for darkness."

L.—What does moderate drinking lead to?

C.—It leads to drunkenness.

L.—What does our lesson say about drunkenness?

C.—"Woe unto them who are mighty to drink wine, and men of strength to mingle strong drink."

L.—What does license mean?

C.—Allowing men to make liquor and sell it if they will pay money to the United States government for the privilege.

L.—What does our chapter teach us about this?

C.—"Woe unto them who justify the wicked for a reward."

L.—What are all true friends of temperance trying to do?

C.—They are trying to break the chain of license.

L.—Do you think that any one bound with this mighty chain can be set free?

C.—"The Lion of Judah can break every chain."

L.—Who is the "Lion of Judah"?

C.—The Son of God.

L.—Repeat His proclamation of emancipation.

C.—"*The Son can make you free*; YE SHALL BE FREE INDEED."

IMPORTANT OFFICIAL NOTICE.

It has been extensively advertised that during the week of the "International Temperance Congress" of the Columbian Exposition, on the 8th and 9th of June (days assigned by the World's Congresses committee), a convention of the World's W. C. T. U. would be held; but after Miss Williard and Lady Henry Somerset, president and vice-president-at-large of the union, had left for England, the Gentleman's World's Temperance Congress Committee made a radical change. The time was lessened, but one day being allowed and that Saturday, the last day of the week. This has led to the following official communication, which we hope will be carefully read by every W. C. T. U. woman.

57 GORDON SQUARE, LONDON W. C., Jan. 18, 1893.

Dear General Officers of the World's W. C. T. U.:

After much reflection and conference it seems to a majority of the general officers of the World's W. C. T. U. that in consideration of the change of time and date for the holding of the proposed convention of the World's Union and for other reasons that we will give, it is far better to let the day set apart for the World's Temperance Congress be utilized by the World's, the National, and the Dominion W. C. T. U.'s in making as good an expression of our spirit, methods and plans as possible—and to hold the second convention, that of the World's W. C. T. U., next October, either just before or directly following the convention of the National W. C. T. U. In the first place, if the World's W. C. T. U. met in June, it could not legislate in a legal way, because it is authorized to meet only once in two years, and though it is the memory of several of us that we agreed to meet at the Columbian Exposition, with the supposition that such a meeting would be very likely in the spring, there is no record to that effect in the minutes of the World's W. C. T. U. held in Faneuil Hall in the autumn of 1890. If we meet next fall we shall be free to legislate in any way that is for the interest of the society and to elect officers.

Besides this, it is now evident that May and June are months in which we cannot so well secure the attendance of delegates from foreign countries. So far as we can learn, distinguished English women are not going over to the Woman's Congress, although Lady Henry Somerset and others are doing all they can to secure such attendance. May is the great anniversary meeting month in London. The Women's Liberal Federation League meets in that month, and Parliament will be in session through the summer, and great events are pending for temperance and other work in the action of that body. In the months of July and August the English people will be going over, and our beautiful autumn," of which they have heard so much, will make them willing to remain to meetings at that season.

The men and women interested in the subjects that convene us are of the same type as those that will attend the religious congresses of September. This will be one opportunity to make a first-rate World's Convention; it will be a hundred times better in the autumn.

The proposition of the general officers of the World's W. C. T. U. is then as follows: That we do not change the date in the spring, but let it be announced as a day set apart to the World's and National and Dominion W. C. T. U's, but not as a convention. This will make no great change to the general public, but we should like to have this letter sent to every president and leader of the World's W. C. T. U., so that it will be perfectly understood that the delegated convention is set down for October, say the 15th. and as many dates following that as may be necessary. This will be much more interesting to the World's delegates, as they will then see the National W. C. T. U. in its regular annual session.

With this arrangement, Mrs. Woodbridge, as secretary of the World's W. C. T. U. and recording secretary of the National W. C. T. U., would confer with Mrs. Buell, Miss Esther Pugh and Mrs. Stephens, and by correspondence with the president of both societies, as to a helpful, popular and attractive program for the 10th of June, which should adequately represent our movement at the World's Temperance Congress. It might be a delegated meeting but the delegates could not legislate; they could adopt resolutions of recommendation, make addresses, etc., and the general effect upon those gathered there would be worthy of the white-ribbon movement.

We think we have made the subject clear and will leave it with you, hoping that this change will be immediately announced in THE UNION SIGNAL and other leading temperance organs, and that this letter may be duplicated as we have said, and sent to all our leading women in the World's W. C. T. U., also to every member of the Executive Committee of the National W. C. T. U. We are confident that the other two members of the World's W. C. T. U. general officers, will heartily acquiesce in this view of the subject on account of the reasons herein set forth.

Hoping, praying and believing that we may have next autumn the best "feast of tabernacles" that the white-ribbon movement has ever known, gathering our women from all lands, we are yours with warmest affection,

FRANCES E. WILLIARD, Pres. World's W. C. T. U.
ISABEL SOMERSET, Vice Pres.
ANNA A. GORDON, Asst. Sec.
Approved by
MRS. ELLA E. F. WILLIAMS, Treas.
MRS. MARY A. WOODBRIDGE, Sec.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE WORST COLDS GRIPPE BRONCHITIS AND MALARIA ARE QUICKLY CURED PNEUMONIA AND CONSUMPTION POSITIVELY PREVENTED BY USING WOODMAN'S SPECIFIC NO. 4 FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS PRICE 25 CENTS.

Woodman's Specific No. 4 is a scientific combination of vegetable products. Perfectly harmless, but will cure a cold in a few hours. They are little, tiny pills, easy to take, pleasant to the taste and can be carried in the vest pocket. 25 doses for 25 cts. To verify the truthfulness of our statement, it costs but a trifle. One trial will convince you.

WOODMAN DRUG CO.,
ROXBURY, MASS.

CAUTION.

Ask for Woodman's Specific No. 4. If your druggist does not keep it, and will not get it for you, send us 25 cts., and we will send it to you postpaid. 6-3m

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

$3.00 FOR ONLY 50 cts.

Money must be sent during February, before March 1st.

The Home Magazine

FOR ONE YEAR AND THE

WHITE HOUSE DINING ROOM CHART
FANCY WORK CHART
PROSE AND POETRY CHART
SPRING DRESSMAKING CHART
AND FLORAL CHART

For Only Fifty Cents

THE HOME MAGAZINE has a circulation of over 300,000 every month. We want a million; hence our great offer.

(Edited by Mrs. JOHN A. LOGAN)

THE HOME MAGAZINE is handsomely Illustrated by Most Skillful Artists. The Best Story-writers contribute to its columns, and every one at home will find something of interest.

It contains interesting pages for the Mother and Children; all about Flowers, the Dining Room, Fashions, Fancy Work, Sunday Reading and many other home subjects.

Mrs. LOGAN continues her very interesting Personal Recollections. Everything of the best.

Now, THE HOME MAGAZINE for one year is only fifty cents, but we make you the following liberal offer:

The White House Dining Room Chart
New throughout from cover to cover; containing a Bill of Fare for every day in the whole year. No two alike, and plain, practical directions for preparing every dish from soup to dessert.

Fancy Work Chart
Containing over 300 illustrations of Plain and Ornamental Initials, Drawn Work, Netting, Embroidery, Tatting, Patchwork, Miscellaneous Fancy Work and Home Decoration.

The Home Magazine Poetry and Prose Chart
Especially adapted for selections for School Children.

Spring Dressmaking Chart
Just completed, with designs of all the latest Spring Fashions of 1893, with what to wear and how to make it.

Floral Chart
All about flowers and plants; what to plant, when to plant and how to plant. Invaluable to every lover of flowers.

We offer these Five Charts and THE HOME MAGAZINE for one year for only FIFTY CENTS, if the money is sent during February before March 1. Mention this paper. DON'T DELAY. Address:

The BRODIX PUBLISHING CO. 614 Eleventh St., N. W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE DAVIS! ○○○○○ ○○○○○

○○○○○ THE DAVIS! ○○○○○

What is The Davis? The best Sewing Machine on earth.

It is the only vertical feed sewing machine ever made.

It sews through thick and thin, without any change of feed; which is the only feed, which will move one thickness or a dozen thicknesses of the same goods and sew the same without making any change.

It has all the attachments. It is light running. It is very durable and we guarantee it to be a long lived machine.

It is a beautiful piece of furniture and an ornament in any household.

Reader, if you want to make your wife happy, present her with a Davis Sewing Machine.

Young man, if you want to make a present to your sister or to some other young man's sister, a Davis Sewing Machine will make your attachment doubly strong and make you twice as happy.

We challenge any other sewing machines to meet the Davis in a contest, as to the real merits of each, and will be glad to make a public exhibition in practical and fancy sewing. If three or more machines will accept this challenge, we will furnish the room free of charge, including light and heat for that purpose.

We invite all persons interested in the best Sewing machines to call at our store and examine the Davis; when we will take great pleasure in exhibiting the machine and explaining its merits.

McCALMONT & CO.
47 tf

WANTED.—A steam drill runner. To the right man good wages will be paid Address, H. J. McATEER, Morrell P. O., Huntingdon Co., Pa. 2-2t

EDWARD K. RHOADS,

At his yard near Passenger station sells one

THE BEST QUALITIES

OF

Anthracite, Bituminous & Woodland

COAL

—ALSO—

KINDLING WOOD.

AND

Corn Ears, Shelled Corn, Oats, Baled Hay and Straw

TELEPHONE 712.

PLUMBING, GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

R. J. SCHADD & BRO.

Shop at Steam Works, corner of Lamb and Spring streets, Bellef[illegible] Pa.

We are prepared at all times to furnish all kinds of supplies—hydrants, sinks, bath tubs, water closets, pipe—both lead and cast and wrought iron, either plain or galvanized—brass and other fittings, and everything in the plumbing line.

WORK DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.
LOWEST PRICES AND
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Telephone connection.
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Clothes REPAIRED, CLEANSED AND PRESSED.—I have concluded to take up my old trade and am now prepared to do Repairing, Cleaning and Pressing of Clothes at my residence. No. 231 East Lamb street. I solicit a share of patronage and guarantee perfect satisfaction. Work gathered and delivered promptly and charges as low as can possibly be made. A postal card dropped in the mail will receive attention at once.
23 48 tf WILLIAM McCLELLAN.

Bright Agents Wanted Quick to Sell
CRAWFORD'S BLAINE.
—LIFE OF—
Written by Mr. Blaine's most intimate literary friend
THE OFFICIAL EDITION.
The only work endorsed by Vice Pres. Morton Att'y Gen. Miller, Private Sec. Halford, Sec. Foster, and a host of other of Mr. Blaine's Colleagues, Cabinet Officers, Senators, etc., hence will outsell any and all others five to one. Demand is simply immense. Send 30c. for outfit and save time. Don't waste time on cheap-John catchpenny books. Get the official work and best terms by writing quickly to HUBBARD PUB. CO.
6 4t 406 Race St., Philada., Pa.

HE GOT A FURLOUGH.

A Pathetic Incident of the Battle of Atlanta.

About the saddest thing I ever encountered was a pathetic little incident on the battlefield after the siege of Atlanta. It was night, and I had been ordered to go out and work on a casement near the enemy's lines. They knew we were there, for they kept up a continuous ping, ping, ping of minnie balls, now and then varying the amusement by sending a hot ten-pounder, scorching the ground and playing havoc with the bushes unpleasantly close to our ears. As I was running about suddenly one of our boys rushed up and said: "There's a dying man wants to see you, captain. You'd better come quick, for he's got a hole through his head." I hastened in the direction he indicated, and soon found the poor fellow. He was being propped up by a corporal, but by the way he acted and talked I knew he was settled for. "They've got me this time, captain." he said, slowly; the blood choking him as he spoke. He'd been wounded a couple of times before, and was a brave man and a good one, too. I said what I could in the line of sympathy, telling him that it was the fate of war and that all his old comrades would follow him sooner or later. It was only a matter of a few days anyhow.

"I want you to do me a favor, captain," he said, the death sweat on his forehead shining like beads in the fitful gleam of a candle lighted. "Of course I'll do it, my boy," I said. "There's my knapsack and canteen," he choked pitifully, "take them or send them to my poor old father and mother up in Vermont. Tell 'em that their only son died like a soldier on the field of battle. Tell them that I died thinking of them, and, and, and, there's another matter, another——" Here a stream of blood gushed from his lips and his eyes took on a look of horror that almost frightened me. "Another matter," he gasped, another matter. Reach down in my blouse and get a picture that is there." I did as directed and saw in the faint light that the card bore the face of a young woman. "It's, it's the girl I was going to marry!" sobbed the dying man. "Tell her that, that I died with my lips on hers! Put the picture on my lips, captain, that I may, may kiss it!"

He kissed the senseless cardboard over and over again, and though I turned my face reverently away, I caught a glimpse of the love-lit eyes that told his devotion. As he caressed the likeness for the last time the ambulance drove up and he was tenderly loaded in for the hospital, where his last moments might be at any rate a little less painful than on the rough, rock-strewn battle-ground. The first chance I got I sent that knapsack and that sweet face to the ones who loved the soldier. That isn't all of the story. In October, if I recollect aright, just before the battle of Atlanta and after Gen. Hood swung round to Grant's rear, I was riding along a very dusty road with my company. Suddenly I saw a spectacle before me that nearly knocked me off my horse. There in the middle of the road, with his arms wildly waving toward me, was that same dying soldier. His head was bandaged up, and when he spoke his voice was much impeded. "I've got a furlough," he said, trying to grin good-naturedly, but failing because of the bandages wound round his face; "I've got a furlough, and I'm going home to marry that girl." And he did.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Sold by Druggists, 75c. Toledo, O.

EACH FOR ALL.

"A government of the people, for the people, and by the people," is the word of Abraham Lincoln—a noble ideal which we do not always reach, but which it is well to have in view, shining on our pathway like a star in the sky.

We had the Declaration of Independence, with its grand statement of man's inalienable right to "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness," yet chattel slavery lasted with it well nigh a century. But at last came freedom for the slave, the ideas of that declaration melting his fetters.

So we imperfectly realize in practice the ideal of Lincoln, yet it helps us and we work toward it. Sometimes the people make mistakes, but a little time brings "a sober second thought" which corrects them.

There is a popular jealousy of banks, capitalists and corporations, sometimes just, sometimes unjust, but awakening a watchfulness worth is well for all. There is a jealousy against the policy of Protection to home industry as favoring monopolists at the cost of the people—a grave mistake which time and experience will surely correct. Experience shows its error and proves Protection to be preeminently for the people's good. Under it capital thrives in safety—a thrift and safety which its ally, labor, shares, for the welfare of these two is inseparable.

A single illustration from our national experience will suffice—one of many which have no contradiction.

In 1824-28 we moved toward Protection. In 1832 President Andrew Jackson, in his annual message to Congress, said: "Our country presents on every side marks of prosperity and happiness, unequaled, perhaps, in any other portion of the world."

Daniel Webster said that the relief of the country was "profound and general, reaching all classes."

Then came the compromise Tariff of 1833, a step toward Free Trade, and thousands were out of employ—farmers without a market, sheriff's sales frequent, at ruinous prices, horses in Ohio at $2 each, as the Guernsey *Times* reported, for instance.

So it has been and so it is—other causes helping or hindering, but Protection always helping to uplift the common lot.

True and timely now, as they were when spoken in 1846, are these words of Daniel Webster.

And, sir, take this great truth; place it on the title-page of every book of political economy intended for the use of the United States; put it in every farmers' almanac; let it be the heading of the column of every mechanics' magazine; proclaim it everywhere, and make it a proverb, that where there is work for the hands of men there will be work for their teeth. Where there is employment there will be bread. It is a great blessing to the poor to have cheap food, but greater than that, prior to that and of still higher value, is the blessing of being able to buy food by honest and respectable employment. Employment feeds and clothes and instructs. Employment gives health, sobriety and morals. Constant employment and well-paid labor produce in a country like ours, general prosperity, content and cheerfulness.

That constant employ, in varied ways, at fair wages and with the best power to live in comfort and to save against "a rainy day" always gains with Protection and always falls off with Free-Trade. Not to favor capital or monopoly at the people's cost, but to help the prosperity of all has been not only the idea but the demonstrated result of Protection to Home Industry.

WHEN DOCTORS ALL AGREE.

It is a fact well established, that February and March are the most trying months to aged or enfeebled persons. Pneumonia, influenza and kindred chest afflictions, are most liable to get in their deadly work. There is but one thing to do, build up and fortify the system with pure stimulants. Medical men all over the country agree that Klein's "Silver Age" at $1.50 per quart, and "Duquesne" at $1.25 per quart, stand without a peer. If you want fine six year old Guckenheimer, French, Gibson, Overholt, or Bear Creek, you can have them at $1.00 per quart or six quarts for $5.00. We are recognized head-quarters for the choicest brands of Wine, Liquor, Cordials, etc. Goods expressed anywhere. Send for complete price list: mention this paper.

MAX KLEIN
82 Federal St., Allegheny, Pa.,
S. Shloss agent
Williamsport Pa

REDUCED RATES TO WASHINGTON ON ACCOUNT OF THE INAUGURATION VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

For the benefit of those who desire to attend the ceremonies incident to the inauguration of President-elect Cleveland, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Washington March 2d, 3d, and 4th, valid to return until March 7th, 1893. The excursion rate from New York will be $8, from Pittsburg $10, from Buffalo $15, and from Philadelphia and all other principal stations on the Pennsylvania system, *two cents* per mile.

The inauguration promises to be a most interesting event, and will undoubtedly attract a large number of people from every section of the country.

The magnificent facilities of the Pennsylvania Railroad make this line the favorite route to the national capital on all occasions.

DRUNKENNESS, OR THE LIQUOR HABIT, CURED AT HOME IN TEN DAYS BY ADMINISTERING DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address the GOLDEN SPECIFIC Co., 185 Race Street Cincinati, Ohio.

LOOK OUT.

At Zero or below it is a dangerous condition of temperature to those of enfeebled consititutions, either from age or infirmity. It is just such a condition of the weather as increase ten-fold the intensity or spread of rheumatic pains and aches. But the remedy and cure is so simple and sure it is to be wondered at that any permit themselves to suffer a day, or an hour, when at any drug store St Jacobs Oil can be had, which not only cures rheumatism, but there is no return of the trouble.

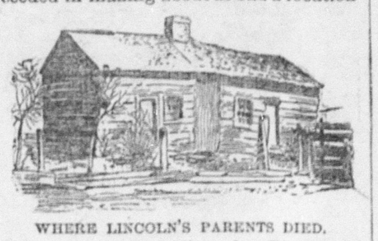
USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

Ripans Tabules: standard remedy.

HE WAS ALWAYS "ON THE MOVE."

Thomas Lincoln, Father of the Emancipator, Was of a Migratory Disposition.

The country has heard much of the oddities and weaknesses of Thomas Lincoln, father of the Liberator; how he was ever on the move and invariably succeeded in making about as bad a location



WHERE LINCOLN'S PARENTS DIED.

as circumstances allowed. His life in Kentucky and Indiana has been given in minute detail because his son was still with him then, but very little has been said of his various removals in Illinois.

His first location was in Macon county, a few miles from the present city of Decatur, "in the timber," as the phrase was, for in those days no one imagined that the prairies would be settled in the lifetime of living man. Indeed several of the early gazetteers of Illinois stated that "those broad grassy plains would remain for ever as common grazing grounds for adjacent farmers." In a few years, however, it was discovered that the prairies were more fertile than the woodland, and Thomas Lincoln was all in a fever to move again, and did.

In 1841 he made a second removal, but to what place is not recorded, as he did not remain long. "He still listened," says Herndon, "to the glowing descriptions of prosperity in adjacent counties." His third and last move was to the newest part of Coles county, then called Goose Nest prairie, near the present hamlet of Farmington and eight miles south of Charleston, the county town. His last plaintive utterance to his famous son was that his little tract of land bore "the usual incumbrance—a mortgage for $200."

On the 15th of January, 1851, he died there at the age of seventy-three years and eleven days. From a letter written the following November by Abraham Lincoln to his stepbrother, Johnston, we learn that the writer paid the mortgage and secured "the eastern forty acres for mother." There the president elect saw her early in 1861 for the last time, and there she died April 10, 1869. A handsome marble shaft erected by Robert T Lincoln marks the burial place of the Liberator's father. J. H. B.

WANTED-A LOCAL AGENT TO SELL first-class reliable Fertillizers in this town. Also agents wanted in other towns in this County. For full particulars with prices and terms, address with reference, D. H. FOSTER, Syracuse, N. Y. 24-44t.

THE REFORMATORY CONDEMNED.

The Huntingdon Reformatory was condemned in an opinion by Judge Hare in the court of quarter sessions as an ill-managed institution on the strength of protests made by Prison Agent Camp. The opinion grew out of an appeal for the commitment of a young man to the reformatory. It is alleged that 1500 boys live in enforced silence there and facilities for instructing them in useful trades being hopelessly inadequate. The inmates are further declared to be exposed to corrupt influences. This condition of things is charged to the unwillingness of trades to come into competition with prison industry.

HATTIE N. HARDY.

Scrofula in its Worst Stages

CURED!

Boston Specialist Baffled but the King of Blood Purifiers Wins!!

MANCHESTER, N. H.,
DANA SARSAPARILLA CO.,

Gentlemen:—With a feeling of deep gratitude in our hearts, we wish to add our testimonial to the large list of cures your **GREAT MEDICINE** has performed.

Some four years ago, our little daughter Hattie, then 7 years of age, began to show

SYMPTOMS OF SCROFULA.

The disease rapidly increased. We consulted one of the **best Physicians in the City,** who began at once to treat her, but instead of abating the disease **rapidly advanced.** We became alarmed. Took her to Boston and placed her **under the care of a famous Specialist,** but in spite of his skill

LARGE SORES FORMED

on different parts of her body. The fingers of her right hand **swelled to twice** their **natural size, superation around the nails caused three of them to drop off.** We were in **despair.** Hearing DANA'S SARSAPARILLA recommended as a **Great Blood Purifier,** we, as a **last resort,** concluded to try it. At first it seemed to hurt her.

WE CAME NEAR GIVING IT UP.

We read the directions, reduced the dose to half a teaspoonful. When she had taken three bottles, we saw **improvement.** She has now taken eight bottles and is **perfectly well—cheeks rosy—spirits buoyant.** And the only thing left to remind us of her **terrible condition,** is the absence of the **three nails** whose **entire roots were destroyed.**

Gratefully yours,
MR. & MRS. JAS. A. HARDY.

Dana Sarsaparilla Co., Belfast, Maine

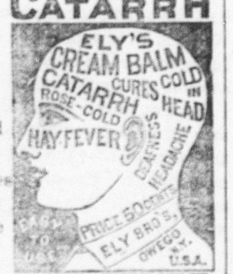
Wolff's ACME Blacking
WATERPROOF. HANDSOME POLISH. LEATHER PRESERVER. NO BRUSHING REQUIRED.
Shoes can be washed daily.
Used by men, women and children.

Brother come out and let me be inside. Will my face and hands be red, too?
Of course they will sister, because Papa painted the window with

PIK-RON
A PAINT THAT ONE CAN SEE THROUGH. TRADE MARK. TRY IT.
10c.—A BOTTLE—10c.
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

At BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK
THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.
My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called
LAXE'S MEDICINE
All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1.00 a package. If you cannot get it, send your address for free sample. Laxe's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy, this is necessary. Address, CATOR F. WOODWARD, LeROY, N. Y.

ELY'S Cream Balm
Cleanses the Nasal Passages,
Allays Pain and Inflamation,
Heals the Sores,
Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.



CATARRH
HAY-FEVER
TRY THE CURE.
A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggist; by mail, registered, 60 cts.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

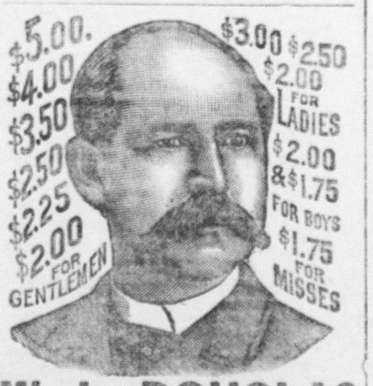
Duff's
The oldest and best Institution for obtaining a Business Education.
We have successfully prepared thousands of YOUNG MEN for [illegible] circulars ad [illegible] Pittsburgh, Pa.

PRINTING.

Parties desirous of obtaining Rock Bottom Prices on all kinds of printing will make no mistake if they address us. We have all modern facilities and will quote prices that will astonish you. We care not whether you have $1 or $1000 worth done. PRESSWORK, FROM PLATES 50 CTS. PER 1000.

Our representative will call upon you if so advised. Address,

Republican, Bellefonte



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE WILL NOT RIP.

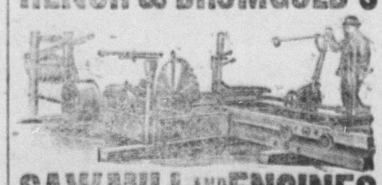
Best Calf Shoe in the world for the price. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold everywhere. Everybody should wear them. It is a duty you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised above, as thousands can testify.

Take No Substitute.

Beware of fraud. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy.

W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

HENCH & DROMGOLD'S



SAW MILL AND ENGINES

A wonderful improvement in Friction Feeds and Rig-Back. Back motion of Carriage three times as fast as any other in the market. Friction Clutch Feed, causing all the feed gearing to stand still while backing; great saving in power and wear. Write for circulars and prices; furnished free upon application. Also

Spring Tooth Harrows, Hay Rakes, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Shellers, etc. *Mention this paper.*

HENCH & DROMGOLD, Manfrs., YORK, PA.

Professional Cards.

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CLEMENT DALE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BELLEFONTE, PA. Office in Crider's new building corner of Allegheny and High streets. 16 45 tf

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late Hon. Judge Hoy. ja471-tf

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection claims. Office on High street. 13-2tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.
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DUALLA.

BY HENRY M. STANLEY.

While proceeding to Zanzibar in February, 1879, in the chartered steamer Albion, we stopped at Aden to take in coal. Pressently a bright Somali youth, who had paddled his own canoe, swung himself aboard our ship, and, after making fast his little craft with a lanyard, accosted me with, "want a boy, sir?"

"No."

"Me good boy, sir. Do anything."

"No thank you."

"I heard you go to Africa, and want men. I been to America, been 'fore the mast, been coachman, been butler in Brooklyn, with Mr. Hines. I'd like to go with you sir."

"Why you are quite a prodigy! How old are you?"

"Seventeen, sir."

I now examined him closely. He was a tall, shapely, comely, intelligent young man, with curly silk hair and a look of "quite ready for anything" about him.

"Well, what wages do you want?"

"Anything you like to give, sir. Dollar, two dollar, three dollar a month. You find out yourself by-m'-by what I worth. If I'm no good, no money."

"Why, you are extraordinary; I'll give you ten shillings a month, and we shall see afterward. Eh?"

"Aw-right, sir."

And upon these terms Dualla, the Somalia boy, entered my service. For several months I did not pay much heed to him. There had been no occasion for any exhibition of surperior ability or courage. I observed, however, that on Sunday Dualla attracted every eye by the splendor and varigated colors of his dress. One time he would resemble a young Genoese dandy, another day he would astonish us by a rich Mussulman attire, the next he would emerge from his cabim a la Zanzibar, in tarboosh and khansu, but always exceedingly trim and clean. Still we had several smart young Zanzibaris, who, though not such exquisites as Dualla, were, nevertheless, favorites for their intelligence and dash, and as yet there was no chance for promotion.

One day new rifles were served to Company No. 1. They were taught how to manipulate them, and how to disconnect their parts. Finally a target was set up at a point blank range, and a prize was offered to the best shot, and in order to show the Zanzibaris what good shooting was, five European officers were requested to step forward and exhibit their skill. But, to my shame, not one white man hit the target,

Dualla was called upon. Straight as an arrow he stood a second and fired, plugging the target near the center.

A few weeks later while engaged on the highway for the wagons, I wished to make an "indent" for provisions on the Main Depot below, and asked the commissariat officer how many rations he had distributed that morning. He took out his note book and turned the leaves over backward and forward so often that at last I become impatient and said:

'Do you mean to say you do not remember how many rations you are daily serving out?"

"I'll tell you directly, sir." I waited pen in hand for another five minutes. My time was valuable; every minute was precious.

"Here, Dualla," I at last cried. "Tell this gentleman how many rations he served out this morning," never suspecting that he did know, but as an indirect chaff at the commissariat.

"One hundred and forty-eight, sir. One hundred and forty-eight pounds rice, one hundred and forty-eight pounds beans," he replied,

"How do you know," I asked, astonished.

"I help weigh them, sir."

"That will do, thank you."

At Stanley Pool an officer requested the loan of our new steel barge that he might proceed up river and visit friend at the next station.

The steel boat pulled twelve oars and, completely equipped and launched on the Upper Congo, had cost us about $8000. It was lent with an injunction that on his return he should draw her up carefully on the beach out of harm's way and padlock her chain. The Lieutenant faithfully promised, went up river, and on coming back reported himself and assured me of the security of the boat.

The next morning the boat was needed for special service. But she was not on the beach, and no one knew what had become of her.

The Lieutenant was questioned. and it was discovered that he had given the orders for securing the boat, but had not waited to see his orders carried out. The crew, it then transpired, had simply rowed her ashore, and each man had sprung out and gone to his own mess. It was then obvious to all of us that the surge from the Great Cataract, which was but two miles below, had entered the cove, lifted the boat clear of the strand, and receeding toward the terrible vortex, had borne her away with all her equipment aboard.

Though it appeared hopeless we should ever hear of the boat again, four several tripletsof messengers were dispatched in as many directions across country to warm the natives down river and offer rewards for her recovery and I set off with Dualla and another toward the Great Cataract of Kintamo, over the hill of Leopoldville.

On reaching the summit overlooking the cataract, Stretch one of the young attendants, with his sharp eyes, detected the boat about midstream, stranded upon a reef, the lower part of which seemed to hang over the edge of the roaring cataract

With my glass I could see her like a tiny speck compared to the mile-wide river. Above the reef the puissant Congo was treacherously placid, but we, who had so often crossed it two miles above the station within view of the gulf, had often occasion to dread its terrible volocity, and below the reef it was one scene of remorseless fury, a countless series of tossing waves and spray crowned crests, and here and there veritable towers which were no sooner formed than they seemed to be swung bodily into the air, to be followed by others. The eye fascinated by the wild picture of tremendous strength and incessant rage which the Great Cataract furnished at this view of it. One could gaze at it for hours, for its suggestion of ceaseless passion, power and its awful engulphingness, while its hoarse roar is in fit volume accompaniment to the watery horror.

I sat down and studied the river above the reef. From our side the boat was quite seven hundred yards, and about one thousand yards from the opposite bank. The low rock on which she lay was probably fifty yards wide, and rose about a foot above the water, and by one of those surges caused by the vicinity of the cataract and shifting currents the boat had doubtless been swayed aside and rested in what appeared to be the beginning of a groove or a channel. Various plans were dismissed, owing to the imminent danger. A foot rise in the river would also sweep the boat over the reef into certain destruction.

We returned to the station. At our beach were a paddle steamer and a canoe. We set a mark by driving a peg at the water line, and resolved to wait and see whether the river rose or fell.

Twenty hours later the river had subsided six inches. I went back to the hill of Leopoldville. The boat was higher out of the water, the reef was larger and extended further up the river in a low gray tongue of rock. That was one great comfort.

On the third day the river had subsided several inches more; the reef was still larger. Dualla was by my side, and looking at the river I conceived a plan which I audible revealed, saying that, "If I were younger and had not so many responsibilities on me I could save her. I would have liked such a job. But whom have I that could be trusted for a delicate task as this? And if a single life were lost I should never forgive myself. Yet if I had a man who could remember instructions and obey them to the letter that boat would be in our cove in a short time"

"Can I do it, sir?" asked Dualla, as though I had been addressing him.

"You, sho! I was thinking of a daring young officer who could learn his lesson by heart, and act according. What could you do?"

"I could try, sir."

"No doubt you could try, my boy; but it wants a heard as well as a bold heart here."

"Well, sir, I do not see myself how anybody could get to that boat. I think she is already lost, for she is only five yards from the cataract, and long before we could get to the reef we should be over the falls, as the current flows like a flying arrow. And how do you think, sir, any one could get there?"

"Well, the thing is easy, provided one was sure of his crew. I would take that new coil of Manilla rope which is in our store room and which is 300 yards long, and I would tie one end of it to our steamer anchor. I would then choose the best canoe men in the camp, man our canoe at the beech, strike out boldly for the centre of the river from our cove, and when I say that the boat and reef were directly below me I would steer straight toward them. When about two hundred and fifty yards above the reef point I would then drop my anchor and pay out the hawser half its length. The other half, after making fast at the bow of the canoe, I would pay out along the length of the canoe, make fast at the stern, and then the best man should swim down to the boat with the end of the rope and make it fast to the ring bolt at the boat's bow. Then the rest of the crew would float down by the rope to the reef, and all hands, after putting an oar under her bow, would roll the boat up bit by bit over the reef until she was afloat. All the crew, except the steersman, would then haul themselves hand over hand to the canoe and when all were aboard would haul the boat abreast the canoe. Then I would transfer all the crew, except the steersman, into the boat, and, pulling up boat and canoe until the anchor was near atrip seat everybody in his place with every oar out and ready; then, at a word, lift the anchor into the boat, and away he would fly for this shore, and we should fetch up well above the Cataract. Do you see? What do you think of that, Dualla?"

"Oh, I can do that perfectly," cried Dualla.

"Nonsense, my lad; you would forget every word I said, and then I should lose you; for no boat can live in that cataract."

"No, sir; I feel I can do it; and, if you leave it to me, it will be done."

"Very well, then; but take your time and think of it. Take all day and think of it. The river is falling steadily and the rainy season is over. Now, I should like to hear first whether you can remember what I said." And Dualla, with his wonderful memory, repeated the operation word for word as I had described it. After that Dualla was left to himself for the day, and when I retired for the night I had heard no word.

The next morning, while I was taking my bath, I heard a great shout in the station, and looking out of the window, I saw the Zanzibaris rushing frantically to the beach. They were shortly after seen marching in procession to my house with Dualla hoisted high, and seated like a hero on their shoulders. At the door I met them, and, gravely taking off my cap, said, "Good morning, Mr. Dualla," Dualla leaped smartly to the ground, and saluting, said, "The boat is at the beach, sir."

"Thank you, Dualla; there are three cheques for you, for £25 each. One is from Lieutenant———, who was the cause of the great danger you have been put to; the second is on behalf of the International Association, for saving their property; the third is from myself, for your bravery.

Out of the jaws of death.
Out of the mouth of hell.
Thank God!"

Dualla performed many other brilliant feats, but after six years' service with me on the Congo he had £400 pounds in Bank of England stock and a complete kit. He subsequently took service with Captain James in his expedition through Somaliland, and later was employed by Mr. G. S. Mackenzie, of the I. B. E. A. Company, in East Africa, at a salary of £15 per month. He is the same Dualla who is mentioned so often and so creditable in Captain Lugard's dispatches as having assisted him so loyally and so cleverly in his negotiations with the Mahommedans of Uganda.—Pall Mall Budget.

THE FIRST LAW OF NATURE.

This self-preservation is acknowledged to be, and people who adopt against the encroaches of disease a genuine medicinal safeguard, accredited by experience and the sanction of physicians, afford a happy illustration of the wisdom of the saying, in the health they restore and continue to enjoy. Among maladies, against the growth of which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters affords efficient protection, diseases of the kidneys and bladder are fraught with the utmost peril and exhibit great obstinacy when opposed by ordinary means. The Bitters can and will subdue them. No testimony is stronger than this. Used at the outset and persistently, the best results may be expected. This medicine also eradicates liver complaint, constipation, dyspepsia, malaria, rheumatism and nervousness.

RELIEF FOR RHEUMATISM.

"This information," said a well known physician to a correspondent of the *Telegram* "may save many lives; at any rate it will prove an invaluable boon to people suffering from rheumatism in any shape or form.'

"Rheumatism as nearly everybody knows, is caused by acidity of the blood. It should never be neglected. This remedy, as I know by long practice, is very efficacious and it is as simple as it is powerful.

"Here it is," he added. "When a rheumatic twinge is experienced, the patient should proceed to a drug store and buy a bottle of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and take one teaspoonful in one-half glass of hot or cold water as best suits the action of the bowels, after breakfast, after dinner, and upon going to bed at nights and continue the same daily until the last vestige of the malady has disappeared. That," said the physician, "is all there is to it, but if taken as I have precribed it will save suffering humanity many doctors bills, to say nothing of pains, aches and swellings. I've never known it to fail."—Albany, N. Y., Telegram.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

A BIRTHDAY PARTY.

On Friday evening, the 27th ult., a pleasant party of neighbors and friends assembled at the hospitable home of Frank Blair, of Patton township, it being the birthday anniversary of his estimable wife. That good lady was very much surprised as it was planned and admirably carried out by her little daughter, Miss Mary. An elegant supper was prepared under the management of Mrs. Henry Norris and Mrs. William Sowers, who just knew how. After music on the organ and games of various kinds, the company dispersed to their homes, carrying with them the remembrance of a pleasant evening; also of the pleasant countenances of Mr. and Mrs. Blair as they bade their guests "good night."

BUTTON RUBBED HIS NECK.

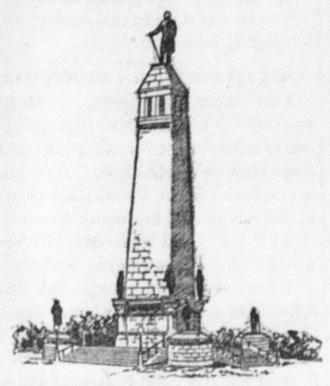
Clearfield *Republican*: W. W. Hoover, of Penfield, this county, who has been in a critical condition for several months and who was reported at one time to have died is now on a fair way to complete recovery. Last July he wore a brass button in the back of his shirt collar. The button rubbed his neck and a little boil appeared. Medical treatment did not seem to stay its progress and before there was s change for the better the sore spread all over the back of Hoover's neck and head. For fully three months he took no note of time or events. He remembered nothing that occurred from September 1 to December 1.

Everybody reads THE PITTSBURGH DISPATCH for the reason that it contains more news, both general, special, and telegraphic; has more contributors and more special correspondence than any other newspaper between New York and Chicago. J5 tf

A Tribute to Lincoln.

In the exposition grounds at Chicago will stand a model in wood, covered with "stuff" to represent stone, of a monument which is to be of granite and stand in Springfield, Ills. It is to be the tribute of the colored people of the United States to their hero-patron, Abraham Lincoln. The base will rise four feet from the ground and be thirty-six feet square, and from the center of this base the monument will rise seventy feet and be surmounted by a life size figure of a colored soldier.

Around the monument are pedestals resting on the base for eight bronze statues, each eight feet high and representing Abraham Lincoln, Frederick Douglass, Charles Sumner, Robert Brown Elliott, John Brown, Wendell Phillips, Owen Lovejoy and William Lloyd Garrison. The total height, seventy-four feet, represents the years of slavery under the constitution, 1789–1863. Many inscriptions commemorate various incidents connected with slavery and emancipation.



THE EMANCIPATION MONUMENT.

The bronze statues will be set upon the monument model at the World's fair and will afterward be transferred to the permanent monument at Springfield. The selection of subjects for the statues has been made by Hon. S. M. Cullom, of Illinois; Hon. Robert Smalls, South Carolina; Hon. William B. Allison, Iowa; Hon. John R. Lynch, Mississippi; Hon. John J. Ingalls, Kansas, and Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll.

Governor Fifer and Senator Cullom, of Illinois, are the trustees of funds, and Dr. George W. Bryant, the commissioner general of the association, is now in Boston at 99 Charles street, to whom subscriptions for the monument may be sent. T. D. S.

A STARTLING FACT.

SIXTEEN PER CENT. OF LIFE INSURANCE APPLICANTS REJECTED ON ACCOUNT OF DISEASED KIDNEYS.

The Trouble Comes From Lack of Care.

Dr. Lambert the general medical director of the Equitable Life Insurance Company, N. Y., said:

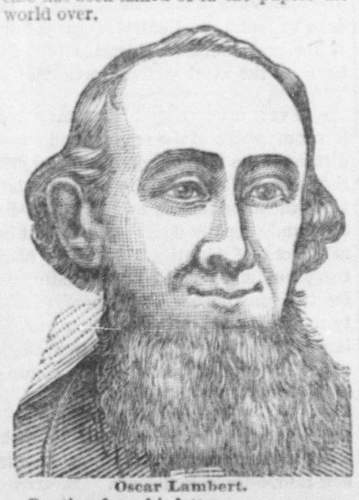
"We reject sixteen per cent. of the applications made to us for insurance, and I have saved the entire expense of this medical department, by the rejection alone of applicants who had diseased kidneys, and who died within two years after I rejected them."

This appalling statement coming as it does, from such high medical authority, should have the attention of our citizens. There is no reason to-day, why people should allow kidney disease to get such a hold on them.

Nature sends her warning in the slight pain in the back, poor circulation of the blood, sediment in the urine. When any of these symptoms appear, Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy should be taken in small doses at once, and thus drive the poison out of the blood and restore the kidneys to healthy action.

To our knowledge this is the only medicine that surely and effectually cures this almost universal complaint.

We note the happy recovery of Mr. Oscar Lambert, of Jerico, Mo., whose case has been talked of in the papers the world over.



Oscar Lambert.

Quoting from his letter.

"I neglected the first symptoms until I found myself in bed with a complicated disease of the kidneys. No mortal ever suffered more and lived. My physician failed to help me. I then used Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, made at Rondout, N. Y. It relieved my kidneys almost immediately, and in a few weeks I was clear of all pain, and entirely cured. I owe my present lease of life to Favorite Remedy."

It is used and recommended for what it accomplishes. Writes Mrs. A. J. F. Manchester, from Providence, R. I.

"I began using Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy for kidney disease, when Doctors failed to relieve me. It drove a bad humor out of my blood, cured my kidney trouble, and I am truthful when I say it saved my life."

Wm. Huston the popular West Shore R. R. engineer, came out in an open letter stating how he had suffered with kidney disease. Physicians treatment, and the use of various preparations failed to benefit him. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, was procured and it made him well.

Favorite Remedy has had more free advertising in the columns of the daily papers, than anything we know of, from the fact that it does as is promised. "cures disease."

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy possesses marvelous strength giving qualities, that render it especialy, valuable to the aged or infirm. For a general all around tonic, and to cure any disease arising from an impure condition of the blood, it has no equal. Druggists are telling more of it than all others combined

PILES! PILES! ITCHING PILES.

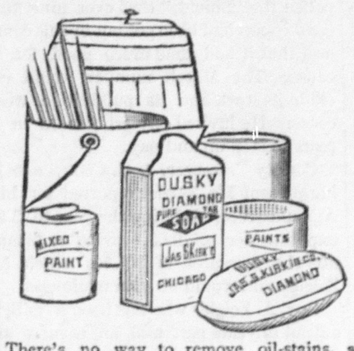
Symptom—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelpha. s 24–1 y

MY WIFE SAID

to me last night: How much do you suppose we have paid out for doctors and medicine in the last year? I told her I did not know. To doctors I have paid nothing, and five dollars' worth of Sulphur Bitters has kept health in our family.

L. ANDREWS, 12 Bowdoin street, Boston.

Painters!



There's no way to remove oil-stains, so thoroughly as a daily use of

KIRK'S DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP

because of its high percentage of tar.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

White Russian Soap A Neutral Soap; Will Not Roughen the Hands.

BOOTS & SHOES.

JOHN M. COBLE,

LEMONT, CENTRE COUNTY, PENNA

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes made to order, at two dollars less a pair than than the same can be purchased in Bellefonte or any other large town.

First class work and material. Nothing cheap but the price. Satisfaction guaranteed in fit and style.

All I ask is one trial, I know that after that I shall have your trade.

CALL ON OR ADDRESS AS ABOVE V23 N27 tf

A Trip to the World's Fair FREE!

To any worthy man or woman, boy or girl. If you wish to visit the

World's Columbian Exposition

at Chicago, for one week or more, free of all expense, on easy conditions, write at once. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope,

World's Fair Entertainment Dept.

1602 MONADNOCK B'LD'G.,

Cor. Dearborn & Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. 46 8t

EUREKA!

OUR MOTTO:

Quick Sales and Small Profits.

The EUREKA CASH GROCERY, Bush Arcade Block, is the place to buy Groceries GOOD AND CHEAP. We have always been selling goods at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES bu now we intend to do better than ever and will sell goods at prices that will astonish everyone. Times are hard and we cannot expect to make much. Below we quote you a few of our prices to show that we mean business.

3 cans of Corn for 25 cts.; 3 cans of Peas 25 cts.; 3 cans of Lima Beans for 25 cts.; 6 bars of Soap 25 cts.; Coffee 23–25–26–28–35 cts. per pound; 1 package Mince Meat 11 cts.; Mixed Tea (a number one quality) only 40 cts. per pound; Soup Beans 6 cts. per quart.

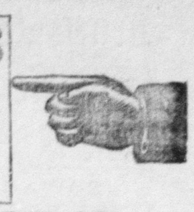
The above is a fair sample of our prices. Call and be convinced.

NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE.

HIGH STREET, - - BELLEFONTE

M. P. TUTEN, PROPRIETOR.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

COMPLEXION PRESERVED

DR. HEBRA'S

VIOLA CREAM

Removes all Freckles, Pimples, Liver-moles, Blackheads, Sunburn and Tan, and restores the skin to its original freshness, thereby producing a clear and healthy complexion. Superior to all imp preparations and perfectly harmless. For sale at druggists or mailed for 50c. Send for circular.

G. C. BITNER & CO., TOLEDO, O.

BEECH CREEK RAILROAD.
N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. LESSEE.

November 16, 890.

Direct communication made with Philadelphia and Reading Railroad at Williamsport for Philadelphia, New York and intermediate points.

READ UP		STATIONS.	READ DOWN	
No 35	No 41		No 32	No 38
P. M.				P M
1 35		Gazzam		2 25
1 27		Kerrmoor		2 33
1 18		New Millport		2 39
1 10		Olsanta		2 47
1 00		Mitchells		2 56
12 20	P M	Clearfield	A M 7 00	3 30
12 00	9 15			
11 41	8 55	Woodland	7 19	3 50
11 34	8 48	Bigler	7 26	3 57
11 28	8 42	Wallaceton	7 42	4 03
10 35	L 7 50	Philipsburg	L 7 25	L 3 55
11 30	A 8 45		A 8 20	A 4 50
11 05	8 20	Munsons	7 55	4 25
10 42	7 55	Peale	8 21	4 51
10 17	7 33	Gillintown	8 44	5 14
10 09	7 25	Snow Shoe	8 52	5 22
9 02	6 27	Beech Creek	9 46	6 27
8 47	6 13	Mill Hall	10 00	6 43
8 41	7 07	Lock Haven	10 08	6 52
8 32	5 57	Wayne	10 15	7 03
8 10	5 35	Jersey Shore	10 35	7 25
7 35	5 00	Williamsport	11 10	8 09
A. M.	P M		A M	P M
A. M.	P M		A M	P M
7 15	2 56	Williamsport	11 55	11 09
11 30	11 33	Philadelphia	4 05	6 50
	10 08	New York via Easton	5 50	
7 30	8 35	New York via Phila.	8 30	9 30
P M	A M		P M	A M

ADDITIONAL TRAINS.—Clearfield Accommodation leaves Gazzam at 8.30 a m and 6.30 p m, arriving at Clearfield at 10.15 a m and 7.30 p m.

Gazzam Accommodation leaves Clearfield at 6.10 a m and 4.00 p m, arriving at Gazzam at 8.00 a m and 5.30 p m.

Sleeping car on Through Express, both ways between Williamsport and Philadelphia (Ninth and Green street station) daily except Sunday.

CONNECTIONS—At Gazzam with stages to and from Ansonville, Berwinsdale and Bell's Gap Railroad. At Clearfield with stages to and from DuBois and Penfield. At Jersey Shore with Pine Creek Division of Fall Brook Railway. At Williamsport with Philadelphia and Reading Railroad for all points East.

F. E. BERRIMAN, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.
A. G. PALMER, Sup't. Jersey Shore, Pa

CHASE'S 3 HORSE HEAD HORSE BLANKETS

are the strongest and best.

Chase's Plush Lap Robes

are the standard. The plush will not shed. All robes have the name Chase either woven in the binding or sewed on the corner.

FIRST-CLASS DEALERS WILL SELL NO OTHERS.

L. C. CHASE & CO., Boston, Mass.

Bellefonte Republican,

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—Mrs. John Bullock, of Bellefonte, has presented her husband with a bouncing girl weighing ten pounds. John is as happy as can be.

—We noticed David Glenn, from Woodward, circulating around among his many friends in Bellefonte last Tuesday. He is here on a week's vacation.

—There is nothing like McCalmont's crushed coke for making heat and it is much cheaper than hard coal, try it. See their advertisement in another column.

—The friends of W. H. Musser, Esq., of Milesburg, have raised money to pay his fine and costs incurred in the late libel suit. So Mr. Musser gets off easy after all.

—Robert Gentzel was treated to a surprise party last week at the home of Henry Gentzel, who lives on the road between Zion and Pleasant Gap. The young people had an enjoyable time.

—We publish this week for our lady readers a column of fashion plates. We shall continue to publish the fashions for our lady readers from week to week. Let us know if they please you.

—Two attractions are booked for Bellefonte next week. They are Frederic Bryton in "Forgiven" on Monday night, and Charles Davis as "Alvin Joslin," on Tuesday (election) night. They are both good.

—It is said that Mrs. M. E. Watson, of Snow Shoe, has a copy of the Ulster Co., (N. Y.,) *Gazette* bearing date January 4th, 1800, being over 93 years old. It contains the particulars of the death of Gen. Washington.

—The Coleville boys are starting a new cornet band. We are glad they are starting something in Coleville. If they form a good band we shall be able to hear from them once in awhile if it is not good, "but"—

—The members of the Christian church, at Howard, that meets in Lucas' Hall, are having a very interesting revival. Fourteen members have been added to the church. Rev. J. T. Phoenix is conducting the meetings.

—Owen Kelly, a man 80 years old, died last Sunday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Strong, who keeps the toll gate between Bellefonte and Milesburg. The funeral was from the Catholic church last Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

—Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Hilda Baum, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Baum, of Bellefonte, to Mr. Nathan Reienman, of Evansville, Ind., on Tuesday, February 28th, in South Street Temple, Evansville.

—Last week news was received of the death of Martin Walker, uncle of ex-sheriff W. Miles Walker, and brother of Andrew Walker, of this place, at his home in Stone Valley, Huntingdon county. He leaves a wife and a number of children, all of age.

—The kind of weather we have been having for the last month has made it almost impossible to keep the pavements in Bellefonte in decent condition. Most of our people have done nobly, considering the difficulties they have had to contend with.

—Both parties have nominated good men for council in the North ward of Bellefonte. We can see no reason why any republican should fail to give their candidate a cordial support. If they do so, of course Mr. John C. Miller will be elected without trouble.

—D. F. Fortney, Esq., is running without opposition for School Director in the South Ward of Bellefonte. It is a strong democratic ward and Mr. Fortney is a democrat, but still this is quite a compliment to a man who has spared no pains to make our schools first class.

—Last Saturday night Miss Nannie St Clair, daughter of postmaster A. J. St Clair, of Unionville, died a victim to that scourge of our northern clime, consumption. She was 21 years of age at the time of her death. She had filled the position of assistant postmistress until she was compelled to relinquish the work by increasing weakness. She was a bright, intelligent young lady with many friends. She was buried last Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

—The next issue of the REPUBLICAN will come out on the day following the anniversary of the birthday of George Washington, the father of our country, and we shall commemorate that important event by giving to our readers an interesting illustrated page concerning Washington, his family and men of his time. It will be an interesting review of the portion of the history of that early day when the birth of a great nation was announced to the listening world. The illustrations will picture to you "The Washington Family." A portrait of Gen. Washington, of Jonathan Trumbull, of Benedict Arnold, the traitor, "Washington refusing the Crown," The Washington statue and other cuts. Everyone should get a copy of the REPUBLICAN and read this interesting page. Next week's issue will also contain two or more fashion plates of interest to all lady readers.

PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

The Prohibition convention called by county chairman Zeigler met at the Court House in Bellefonte, last Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock and was promptly called to order. Rev. J. Zeigler was chosen president of the convention and Elliott Harvey Secretary.

Christian Buck, of Unionville, was asked to open the convention with prayer which he did.

The object of the meeting was stated by the county chairman to be the election of delegates to the state convention to meet at Harrisburg on the 7th of next June, hearing reports of committee and nominating a county ticket.

Mr. Zeigler stated that during the last campaign he conducted a prohibition paper called the "Shield," that over nine thousand copies had been put out in this county and that it had done much good for the cause. The March number would conclude its work and its publication would cease. He invited any who were in arrears to step up and pay.

County Treasurer, A. J. Cook, not being present Mr. Zeigler reported for him. Amount received during the year $123.27; expenses were £179.03, leaving a balance due the treasurer of $55.76, which Mr. Zeigler said would be soon made up.

Rev. J. Zeigler who has been a faithful official in years past and an earnest and faithful prohibitionist was re-elected chairman of the county committee. He thanked the convention for the honor conferred asked that he might be given a good county committee to assist him in the work and sufficient money to carry the work along.

A motion was made by William Thompson that the present county committee be continued and that the chairman have the power to fill vacancies which was agreed to. The committee as it stands is as follows:

A. J. Cook,	Bellefonte,	N. W.
F. Potts Green,	"	"
Jared Harper.	"	W. W.
Charles H. Else,	Milesburg.	
Walter Gray,	Philipsburg,	1st W.
Isaac Guss,	"	2nd W
Thos. Young,	"	3rd W
H. W. Dinges,	Centre Hall,	
Michael Derstine,	"	
C. Buck,	Unionville.	
Daniel Hall,	"	
R. B. Hartman,	Millheim.	
N. B. Smith,	Howard.	
John Dale,	Benner Twp.	
Jona Packer,	Boggs Twp.	N. P.
I. C. Grassmire,	"	W. P.
	"	E. P.
Lot F. Cramer.	Burnside	Twp.
Wm. W. Bell,	Col'ge Twp.	W. P
Wm. Thompson,	"	E. P.
John I Thompson,	"	E. P.
David J. Musser,	Gregg Twp.	E. P.
John Swarm,	"	W. P.
A. G. Wolf,	Haines Twp	E. P.
	"	E. P.
T. Wilson Way,	Half Moon	Twp.
Orlando Way,	"	
Henry Fredericks,	Harris Twp,	
W. A. Trostle.	"	
W. A. Hartsock.	Huston Twp.	
John Craig,	"	
Job W. Packer,	Liberty Twp.	
Frank Thompson,	Marion Twp.	
	Miles Twp.	
John C. Hartsock,	Patton Twp.	
J. B. Kern,	Penn Twp	
	Potter Twp.	N. P
John Wolf,	"	S. P.
H. P. Sankey,	"	S. P.
Chas. E. Hess,	Rush Twp.	N. P
W. F. Davis,	"	
Harry Bouse,	Snow Shoe	"E. P.
J. Toner Lucas,	"	W. P.
Wm. Dale,	Spring Twp.	S. P.
Ed. Kane,	"	W. P.
Geo. Eckles,	Ferguson	"E. P.
Robt, Glenn,	"	W. P.
Wm. P. Fisher,	Union Twp.	
	Taylor Twp.	
	Walker Twp.	
A, Y. Williams,	Worth Twp.	

Eight delegates and six alternates were chosen for the state convention which will meet at Harrisburg June 7, 1893. Dr. Isaac Guss, of Philipsburg, suggested that part of the delegtaes should be chosen by the convention and the remainder by the county committee which was agreed to. The following persons were named F. W. Steck, of Philipsburg; W. H. Blackburn, of Bellefonte; William Thompson, of College township; Samuel Shaffer, of Bellefonte; Ed. Butts, of State College; Wm. A. Trostle, of Boalsburg; John Gill, Sr., of Philipsburg. The alternates are W. P. Hile, of Philipsburg; Elliott Harvey, of Bellefonte; W. W. Bell, of State College; C. Buck, of Unionville, and Charles Else, of Milesburg.

A. J. Cook was unanimously re-elected treasurer of the county committee.

The question of nominating a county ticket to be voted for at the next election was left to the discretion of the county committee as it was too early to nominate one at this convention.

A collection was taken up for the payment of the deficit in the treasury and $70 was given in three and five dollar subscriptions which puts the party out of debt with a small balance in the treasury. Speeches were made by many members of the convention and by state chairman H. B. Patton, of Lancaster; M. Van. D. Bennett, of Kansas, and Rev. W. H. Blackburn. Elliott Harvey sang a solo.

In the evening a crowded house gathered to hear Mr. Bennett, the "Kansas Cyclone." He is an eloquent speaker and held his large audience for nearly two hours. Frequent and hearty applause greeted many of the hard hits he gave the two old parties. He invited any who took exception to his remarks to speak then and not wait until he was gone then say it was not true, and frequently waited a half a moment to give anyone who wanted to dispute a point a chance, but no one spoke. He arraigned the clergy and church members as not consistent in their preaching and voting. Of course Mr. Bennett has his idea of things and otner people have theirs. Myer's Orchestra was present to enliven the occasion with some of their fine music. There is one thing we can say for the Prohibitionists, they show us some good conventions and set us an example in this respect which is worthy of imitation.

DEATH OF MRS. UNDERCOFEER.

Last Saturday evening at about half past eleven o'clock Mrs. Joseph Undercoffer gave birth to a daughter and one hour afterwards she died. Her husband is employed at the Penn. Railroad station in Bellefonte and has many friends. The child is living and well. Mrs. Undercoffer was a young woman in the morning of life and her sudden and unexpected death is a sad blow to a loving husband. She leaves three small children who will never know the loving care of a faithful mother. The funeral was from the Episcopal church in this place last Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock. A large concourse of friends followed the remains to their last resting place in the Union cemetery. The afflicted husband and family have the sympathy of a large circle of friends.

DIED—near Bellefonte, of convulsions, twin sons of John H. and Ellen Garman, Edgar Herbert, born Jan. 9, 1893, died Feb. 8; Jared Dale, born Jan. 9, died Feb. 10, 1893.

Two little boys permitted to stay in this world scarcely a month and yet long enough to become dearly loved. Over their little forms bitter tears were shed by loving parents. In their short stay here they had entwined themselves with everlasting bonds of love around their hearts. No one but a parent knows how hard it is to part with these loved ones sent from God. The bleeding heart pleads for their longer stay. Only a christian can say in such a dark hour of trial "Father, Thy will be done." We hope that God may soften the grief of these afflicted parents.

The Philipsburg *Journal* says: James Dunwiddie, of this place, and Miss Emma Botright, of Chester Hill, slipped off quietly to Bellefonte on Thursday morning and were married at the Methodist parsonage in that place by Rev. W. A. Houck They are expected home this evening, and we understand will take up housekeeping at once, occupying the Crissman house on corner of Second and Maple streets. The wedding was a surprise to their friends, but nevertheless the news was a source of pleasure to all who are acquainted with them. Both are well and favorably known and we are sure they will have the best wishes of the community in their new departure.

—Although over ten thousand dollars were raised to repair the Presbyterian church of Bellefonte and put in the new organ, when the committee got all their bills in they find that they are still in debt one thousand dollars. As is usual when repairs are commenced there is found to be more to do than can be seen or thought of at the time of commencement. This amount is nothing for that society, however, and will no doubt soon be paid. They have one of the handsomest churches to be found in Central Pennsylvania. It has cost them considerable but they have got the worth of their money.

—A very interesting thing to tax-payers is a comparison of the receipts and expenditures of the various counties throughout the State. Centre county paid out about three thousand dollars to have forty-five thousand properly disbursed. It cost our neighbors of Huntingdon county about two thousand to disburse one hundred and ten thousand dollars. In Lycoming county there was paid over four thousand dollars to disburse over four hundred thousand. In that county one of the commissioners put in only 313 days.

—We have thus far omitted to make mention of the fact that there is another new railroader in Bellefonte. It arrived on the 7th and at once took up a permanent residence at the home of Conductor William Daley on East Lamb street. The little stranger weighed just nine pounds and was quite young, but if its life is spared till 1914 will then be in a proper condition to handle one of Baker's ballots. Congratulations.

—The next attraction at Garman's Opera house will be on Monday night Feb. 20, Frederick Bryton will appear in his celebrated play "Forgiven" On the following night Charles Davis will appear in his funny yankee comedy entitled, "Alvin Joslin." These plays are both fine and are worthy of a large house. All who want to see something worth seeing will "take in" both of these fine entertainments.

—One day during the late cold spell Irvin Watson, of Clarence, Snow Shoe twp., went to the spring for water. In it he found a snake swimming around. He threw the snake out on the ice and it made its escape at a lively rate. This is the story as we hear it, it may be correct but we always thought these reptiles were torpid during the cold winter months.

BANQUET OF THE CLASS OF '96, PENNA STATE COLLEGE.

Last Thursday evening Class '96, Penna. State College, held a banquet at the Bush House in Bellefonte. There were fifty members of the class present. John Given, a Bellefonte boy, graduate of the High school, was toast master. The dining room was beautifully decorated. The tables were arranged in the form of a cross and were beautifully decorated with flowers and potted plants. The class sat down to the bounteous repast at 11 o'clock p. m. Orpheus orchestra furnished excellent music. The boys had a lively time and enjoyed it as College boys always do.

MENU.

Blue fish Au Gratin

Hot Cheese Wafers

Roast Turkey With Celery A la Cream
Asparagus Sliced Tomatoes

Apollinaris

Croquettes of Sweetbread with Frence Peas
Potted Quail

Punch A la Romaine

Red Head Duck

Small Heads of Lettuce with French Dressing

Fromage De Brie

Olives Salted Almonds

Orange Jelly with Whipped Cream
Eclairs on Chocolate
Neapolitaine ice cream
Assorted Cakes

Oranges Bananas Malaga Grapes
Nuts Raisins Bonbons

Roquefort Cheese

Cafe Demi Tasse

Cigars Cigarettes

TOASTS,

"And ancient thoughts may yet be kept alive."
Toast Master.....J. L. GIVEN
P. S. C.....A. C. HOY
"The hope and pride of our State."
Our Class.....J. MCKIBBIN
"Our class has a history that all must admire,
And second to none we expect to retire."
Our Professors.....E. W. JESSOP
"Lightly they are in their wisdom,
Mighter still in the faculty room."
Machinery Hall.....G. M. MCKEE
"A temple of practical knowledge it stands
And of architectural beauties,"
The ladies.....L. P. PHELPS
"A miniature of loveliness, all grave,"
Our Football Team.....B. F. FISHER
"Strong and mighty men were they."
Our Past.....W. A. LYON
"Our hard years in "Pupdom" are safley passed,
And we as wise Freshman are now classed."
our future.....H. A. KUHN
"Like as the dawn throws out its spears of light
So does our future send messengers to night."

HOME OPERA TROUPE ENTERTAINMENT.

The Home Opera troupe entertainment given at Garman's opera house last Tuesday evening was a complete success The house was packed to its utmost capacity with the very best people in the town and a large delegation of young men from the State College. Everyone seemed well pleased. All the performers took their parts with credit to themselves. They are all promising candidates for first class positions if they should desire to follow such a work as a profession which, however, we are certain none of them do. As the curtain went down for the last time Mr. James Hughes stepped to the front of the stage and announced that the performance would be repeated on Wednesday night in order to give those who had not been able to get seats the first night a chance to see it and to raise some money to compensate the actors for their outlay of money in procuring costumes. There is no doubt that there will be a full house as the entrance fee will be reduced to popular prices. The entertainment is going on as this week's REPUBLICAN is being printed. The proceeds of the first night go to pay for repairs made on Bellefonte Academy.

A STANDING TRIBUTE.

Last Friday afternoon at three o'clock a beautiful service was held in the Reformed church at Bellefonte, a tribute of loving remembrance to Martha E. Keller who died suddenly about five months ago while away from home on a visit to friends. A large number of her friends, to keep her memory ever green and as a loving tribute to the dead decided to put a beautiful memorial window in the church where she was a member and where she loved so well to attend and listen to the precepts of the faith of her father. A large number of friends were present, Rev. M. O. Noll was in charge of the service and at the opening stated the object of the gathering, paying a glowing tribute to the memory of the departed sister. Judge A. O. Furst was called upon and spoke highly of the character, life and death of Miss Keller, who he had known from her earlist girlhood. He said. "Her character was as pure and umblemished as the 'virgin snow.' She was a noble structure of womanhood, physically, socially and spirtually, and her death when announced was a great shock to this community" The window is a very beautiful one and a great ornament to the building. The pastor thanked on the part of the trustees, the young friends who were instrumental in having the window placed in the church. The whole service was very interesting and solemn.

—Last Sunday Daniel Garman, Esq., the vetera Hotel keeper who has made a fortune at that business in Bellefonte, was seventy-three years old and at noon on that day his friends and family to a large number, gathered at the Garman House to celebrate the event. A grand dinner was served to all the guests and many Congratulations were showered on Mr. Garman on his bright prospects for a long life. He is still in excllent health and has promise of many years of vigorous life to look forward to. He remained in active busines until two months ago when he turned over his prosperous hotel to two of his sons Al and Corny.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Howard Yeager and wife, from Curwensville, are visiting his parents in this place.

Rash Williams, son of S. H. Williams, has returned from Atlantic City with his family. He went there about a year ago, but thinking there is no place like home he returns. He will go into the painting business with his father.

Howard Struble, son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Struble, of Zion, who is attending a Commercial College, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., was brought home sick last week. We hope the fresh air of his mountain home may speedily restore him to health again.

Mr. J. M. Herr, who for over a year has kept a shoe store in the diamond at Bellefonte and has made many friends by his fair dealing and gentlemanly conduct, has sold out his store and will remove with his family to Indianapolis where he will go into business with his brother, Emory E. Herr, who also leaves this town after a residence of many years. He is engaged with the Vermont Life Insurance Co., and has accepted the state agency for Indiana, and his brother, J. M., will be employed as special agent for the company from the Indianapolis office. These two men have many friends in this county who will be sorry to see them leave this town. They will leave next Monday.

—The Democrats who are going to the inauguration of President Cleveland are dissatisfied with the terms offered them by the Pennsylvania railroad and have made arrangements to go on the Reading, taking the train at Mill Hall. They will have a sleeping car and can sleep on the cars there, which will be a great advantage, as the city hotels will no doubt be full to overflowing. Any person who wants to take this trip can get the full particulars by calling upon J. C. Meyer, Esq., or Al. Garman, at the Garman house. It is said the Reading road offered transportation way below what the Penna. asked. Just here we will say that if the railroads were owned by the government they would be carried away below what either of them will carry for. The government would carry you at cost and no coporation will or can do that.

BRYTON IS COMING.

Frederick Bryton will be in Bellefonte on next Monday night and will appear in Garman's opera house. The following is what the Reading papers say about him:

Frederick Bryton in "Forgiven" last night was greeted by a middle sized audience which fact was too bad, as every seat deserved to be taken. He is a very fine actor and was supported by a powerful company in a clever melo drama, which it is to be trusted will again be presented in this city, when it is almost certain a great audience will be in the opera house.

Tickets and chart at Parrish's drug store.

—Last Monday evening about 150 ladies and gentlemen assembled in Bush's Hall to listen to a concert given for the benefit of the organ fund of the Episcopal church. Mrs. Benton the rector's wife, has given much time and attention to this work and deserves much credit. We noticed among those who gave their services to this entertainment names of members of all churches. The best musical talent of the town was there and it is said by those who were fortunate enough to hear it to have been a grand affair.

—Rev. Charles T. Steck visited Bellefonte last Saturday to stay over Sunday the guest of H. Y. Stitzer, Esq., and accepted an urgent invitation to preach before his old congregation, the Lutheran, at their Hall on Sunday evening. Mr. Steck is one of the most brilliant orators in the Lutheran church. He was settled over the church in this place several years ago. He has no superior as a pulpit orator. His old friends were delighted to hear him again.

—Lock Haven people were a little uneasy last week as there was quite a flood in the river, but the weather growing cooler they were relieved from anxiety and the river speedily returned to its natural bed. In Bellefonte the streets were very sloppy and Spring Creek was raging, but no damage was done.

MARRIED.—At the home of John Daughenbaugh, Port Matilda, on Feb 11, 1893, by D. H. Bean, Justice of the Peace, William Daughenbaugh to Miss Sallie Spotts.

MARRIED.—At the office of D. H. Bean, J. P., Port Matilda, on Feb. 7, 1893, James Cowher to Effie Heedman.

A CABLE to Hawaii, constructed by the governernment is one of the necessities of the times.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

PUBLIC SALES.

Feb. 18.—L D Kurtz, Aaronsburg, tract of land containing 22 acres.

Feb. 18.—W S Musser, Millheim, sleighs, cutters, robes, blankets, &c.

Feb. 18.—At Hublersburg, by Henry Brown real estate of Louisa Bierly, situation in Walker township.

Feb 25.—At residence of Bridget Bradley, Bellefonte, Household furniture.

Feb. 27.—At residence of Harrison Fike, in Benner township, Cows young cattle fees pigs and household goods.

March 2.—J P Waddle, of Fillmore, 13 horses 22 head young cattle 22 sheep 12 hogs and farming implements.

March 2.—Henry G Royer, Wolfe's Store, live stock and farming implements.

March 3.—Noah Weaver, Woodward, two horses and farm implements,

March 4.—Mrs. John Smith, one mile west of Millheim, blacksmith tools and household goods.

March 5.—F O Hosterman and W E Keen, administrators of the estate of Noah Stover, late of Haines township, dec'd, 2 miles east of Aaronsburg, live stock, farm implements and household goods.

March 7.—J C Stover, one and a half miles west of Coburn, live stock and farming implements,

March 8.—A Catherman, one mile southwest of Millheim, live stock, farming implements.

March 9.—Jacob Winkelblech, three miles southeast of Aaronsburg, live stock and farming implements.

March 10.—W K Alexander, Millheim farming implements and household goods.

March 11.—Mrs. Harriett Luse, Millheim, household goods.

March 13.—John H Fogleman, of Penna Furnace, horses, cows, young cattle pigs and farming implements.

March 13.—George Kauffman, in Spring township two miles south of Zion, horses cows bull young cattle young sheep farm implements and household furniture.

March 13.—Henry G Guyer, two mile west of Bellefonte on farm of John Wagner, horses cows young cattle and farm implements.

March 14.—John Houser, on Nittany Mountain near Pleasant Gap, horses, cows, young cattle sheep and farm implements.

March 14.—Alfred Stover, two miles south of Millheim, live stock and farm implements.

Tuesday March, 14.—At the residence of Samuel Boop on the Hamilton Farm at Pleasant Gap Station commencing at 1 o'clock P. M. 9 horses one 4 year old with foal one bay mare 7 years old a good driving animal one gray mare 4 years old with foal one black horse 5 years old one iron gray 8 years old one 8 years old one 5 years old one 2 years old and one yearling three cows five head of young cattle one four horse wagon, broad tire; cultivators horse gears etc.

March 15.—F P Venada, near Madisonburg, live stock and farming implements.

March 15.—Frank Wian, on Hale farm in Spring township about two miles west of Zion farm stock and tools.

March 16.—Andrew Harter, Penn township, live stock and farming implements.

March 17.—Joseph Strouse, on Dorscy Green Farm two miles west of Fillmore, horses, cows sheep, hogs, young cattle and farming implements.

March 17.—Wm. F Smith, one half mile southeast of Millheim, live stock, farming implements and some household goods.

March 17.—John Hoy, Jr., one half miles east of Jacksonville, horses, colts, milk cows young cattle sheep hogs and farm implements.

March 18.—S M Compbell, administrator of the estate of E C Campbell, late of Millheim, dec'd one mule farm implements and some household goods.

March 20.—W E Keller, one fourth mile west of Madisonburg, live stock and farm implements.

March 20.—Milton Shuey, three miles south of Stormstown, horses, cows young cattle sows shoats and farm implements.

March 20.—D H Fye, two miles west State College horses colts young cattle cows shoats sheep bull and farm implements,

Feb 20.—John Harshberger, one mile west of Millheim, live stock, farm implements and household goods.

March 21.—Gray and Bowersox one-half mile north of Rock Spring, horses colts cows young cattle shoats 30 sheep and farm implements.

March 21.—David Sharer, two miles south of Zion, horses, colts southdown sheep milk cows young cattle short horn bull hogs farm implements and household goods.

March 21.—Uriah Stover, on Robert Valentine, farm between Axe Mann and Pleasant Gap, some fine blooded cows and farm implements.

March 22.—A L Nearhood, Pooneville, live stock and farm implements.

Thursday March, 23.—commencing at 10 o'clock a. m, at the residence of Alois Beezer late of Benner township two miles from Bellefonte along Spring creek one stallion five years old sired by Woodlawn one bay mare three colts 3-2-and 1 year old sired by the Woodland stallion mentioned above 3 cows 1 bull 2 head of young cattle spring wagon buggies sleigh buckboard household furniture.

ANTHONY DUSSLING,
PHILIP BEEZER,

March 23.—E T Cole one mile south of Zion live stock and farm implements.

March 24.—D E Neidig three miles west of State College, horses, cows young cattle sheep shoats farm implements and household furniture.

March 24.—T F Brungard, 3 miles east of Rebersburg, live stock and farm implements.

March 25.—At residence of Bernard Lauth, in Howard township, horses mules 35 horse power engine and farm implements.

March 25.—S D Musser, Millheim, lot of house hold goods.

March 29.—Thomas Frank, Aaronsburg, one cow and a lot of household goods.

Bellefonte Markets.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 72
Mixed wheat per bushel	68
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	50
Corn (ears)	45
Oats	35
Barley	48
Cloverseed, fair to good	8.00
do prime and extra prime	9.60
do choice	10,20
Flour, retail, per barrel	4 60
Flour, wholesale	4 00
Hay choice mixed, per ton	10.00
" prime timothy " "	11.00
" choice " " "	12.00

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Provision Markets.

Corrected weekly by Eureka Grocery.

Apples, dried, per poand	5
Green apples, per bushel	80
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	8
New Raisins, per pound	10 — 13
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	25
Cheese, per pound	16
Country Hams, per pound	16
Hams, sugar cured	18
Shoulders	12
Breakfast Bacon	16
Country Bacon	14
Lard, leaf, per pound	16
Lard, country, per pound	12
Eggs, per dozen	25
Potatoes, per bushel	90
Dried Beef	25
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	10
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12—15
Canned Corn, per can	12½—18
Lemons, per dozen	30
Oranges, per dozen	40—50
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Roller Flour, per sack	1 15